

▶ **Experiences analysing operational wind farms in cold climate**

Jennie Molinder, Utku Turkyilmaz

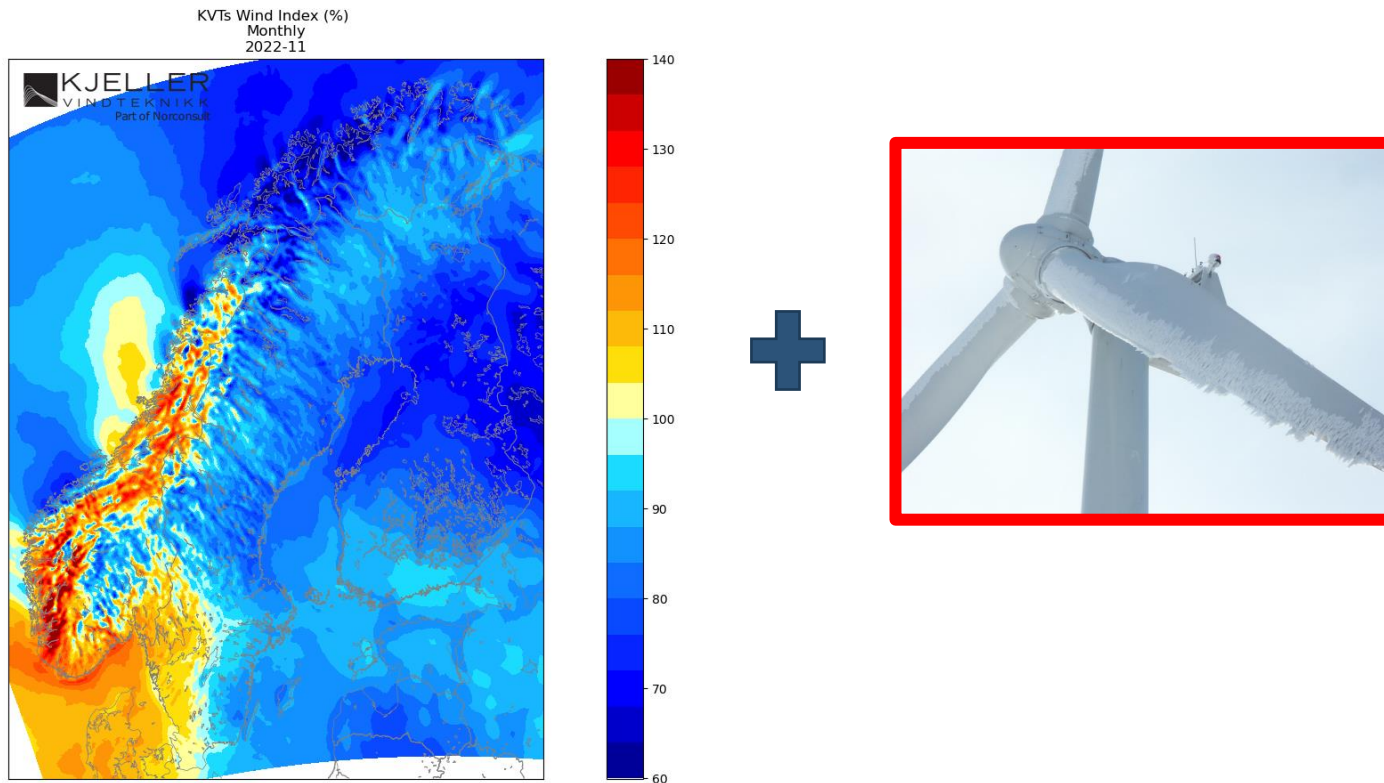


Wind farm constructed in the cold climate - How does it perform under icing conditions?



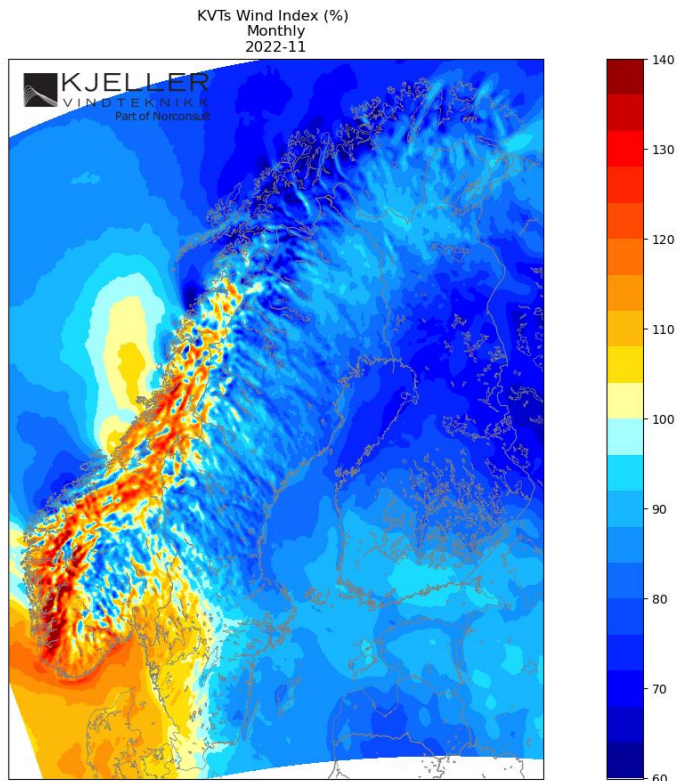
Wind energy production and wind speed variability

- ▶ November 2022 wind index?
 - ▶ A bad scenario with cold weather coinciding with low winds

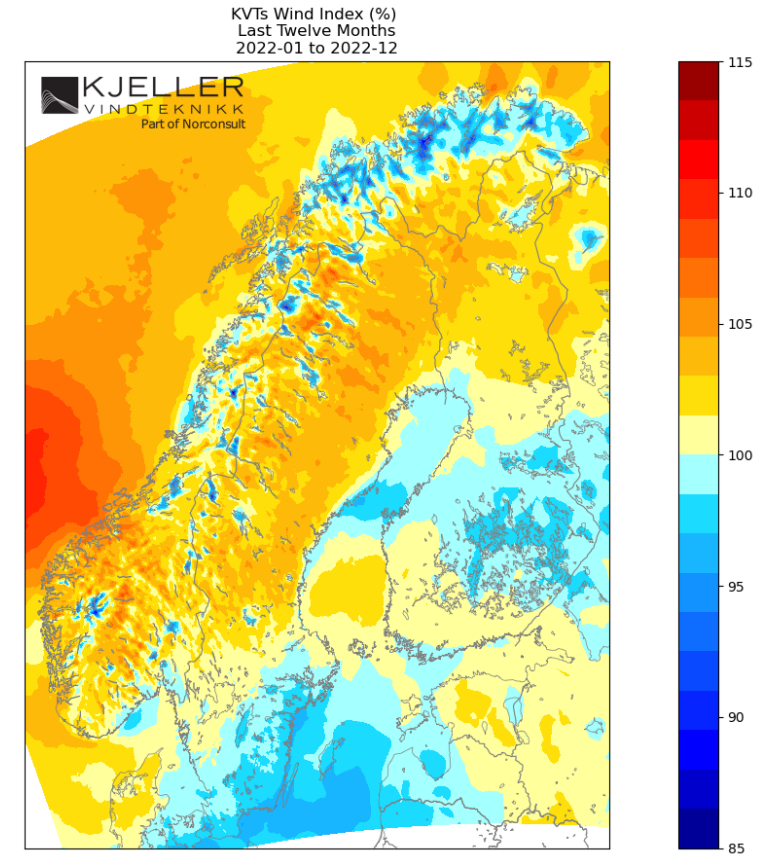


Wind energy production and wind speed variability

- ▶ November 2022 wind index?
 - ▶ A bad scenario with cold weather coinciding with low winds



- ▶ 2022 average wind index?



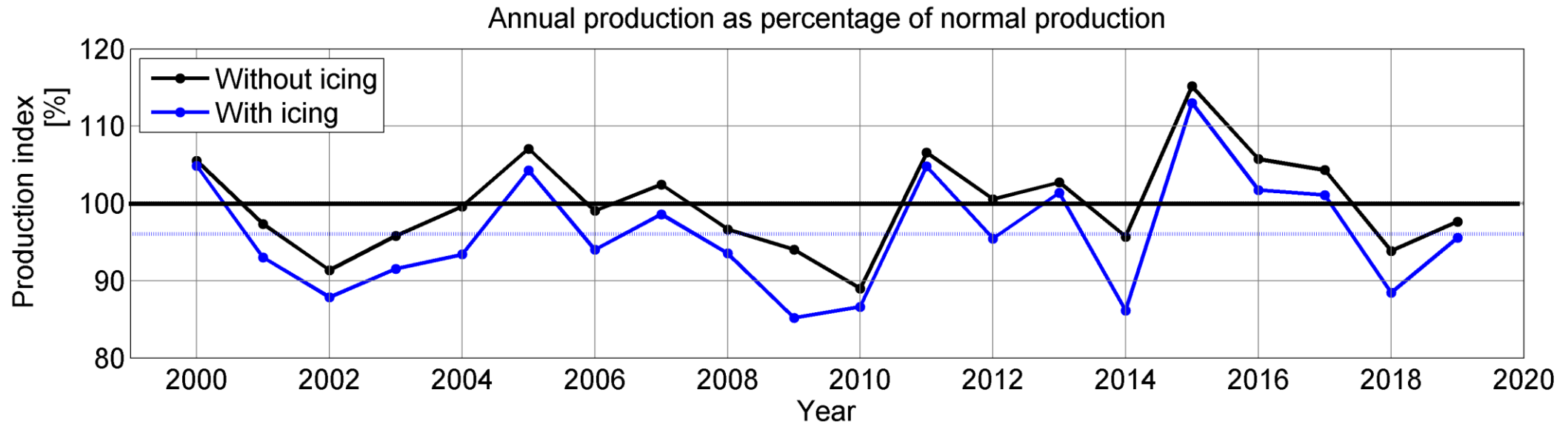
Wind energy production and wind speed & icing variability

- ▶ Production index

- ▶ Wind index

- ▶ Icing index

	Mean [%]	Max [%]	Min [%]
Without icing	100	115	89
With icing	96	113	85
Icing	4	10	1

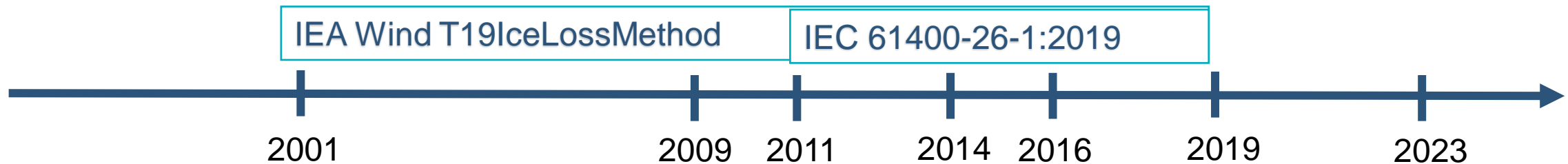


Framework: How do we analyse operational wind farms in cold climate?

Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) based on SCADA data

► Methods combined by Kjeller Vindteknikk (KVT):

- IEC Standards
- IEA Wind Task19

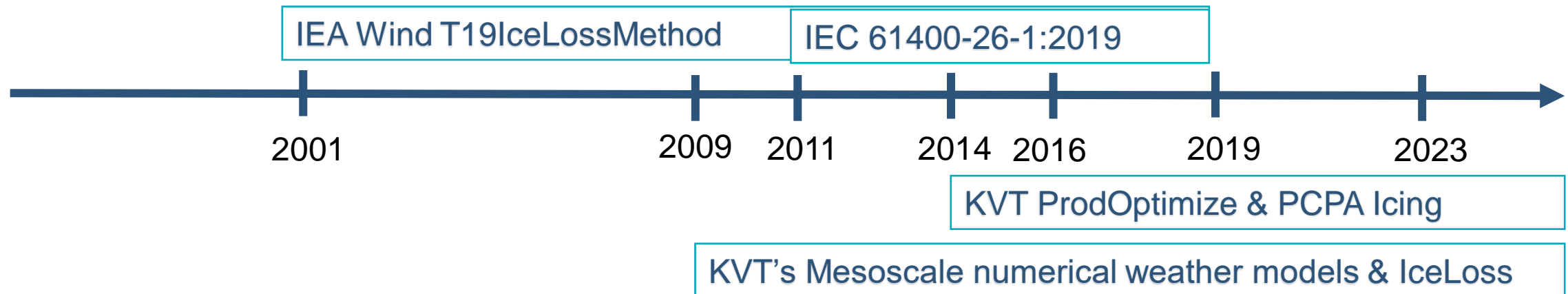


Framework: How do we analyse operational wind farms in cold climate?

Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) based on SCADA data

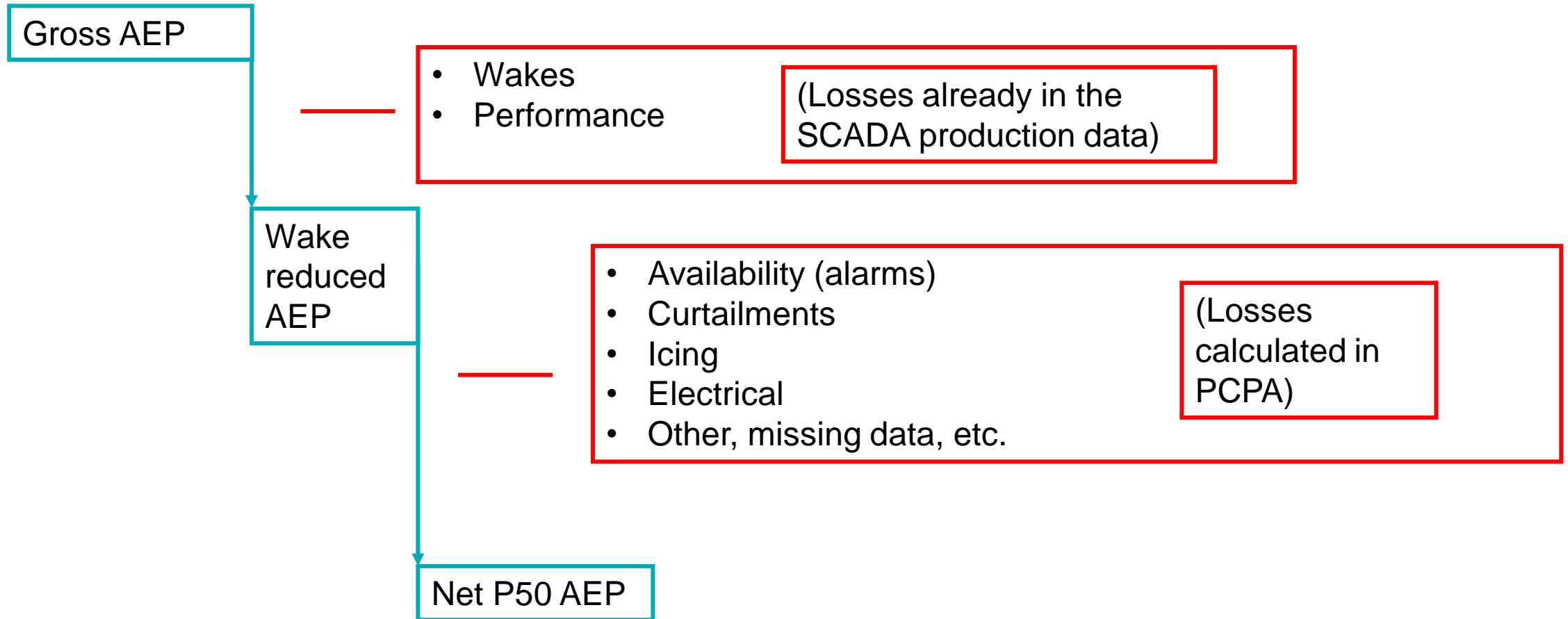
► Methods combined by Kjeller Vindteknikk (KVT):

- IEC Standards
- IEA Wind Task19
- KVT's Mesoscale WRF & IceLoss model
- KVT's PCPA method – developed within research project ProdOptimize



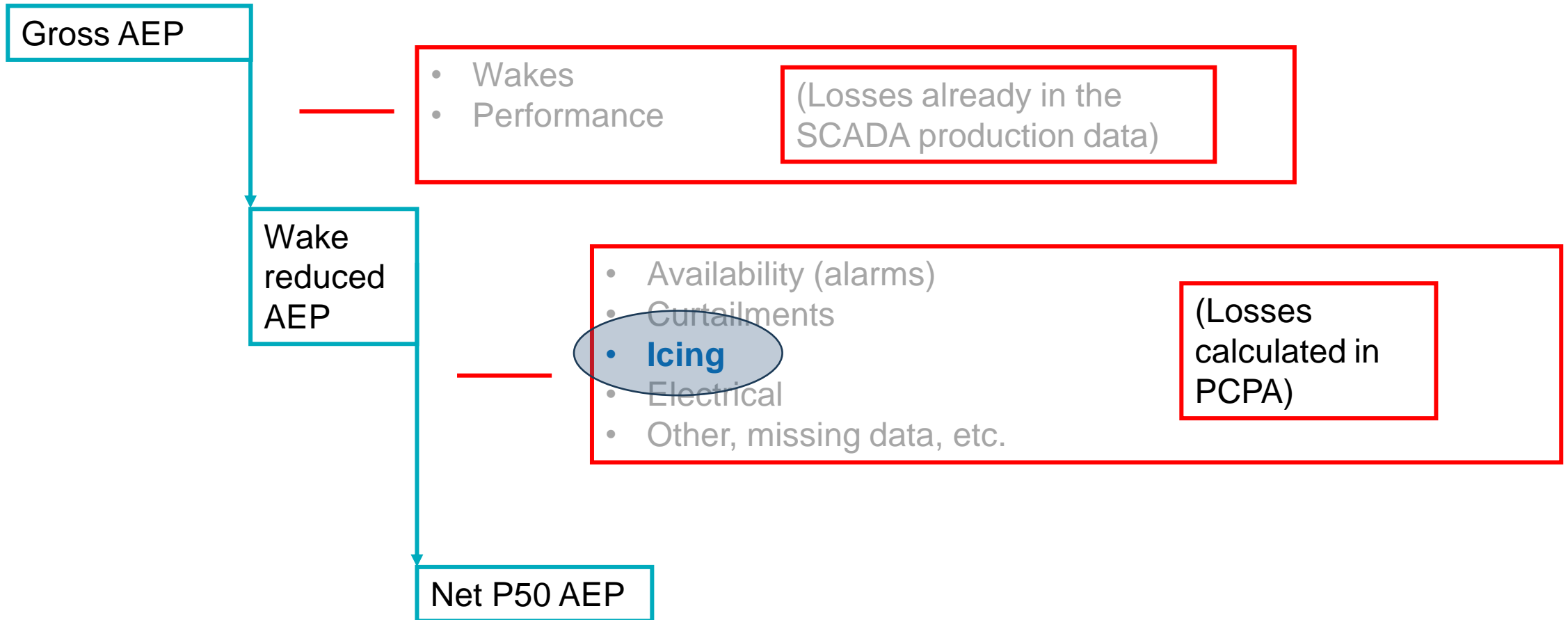
Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) based on SCADA data

► Gross to net energy yield



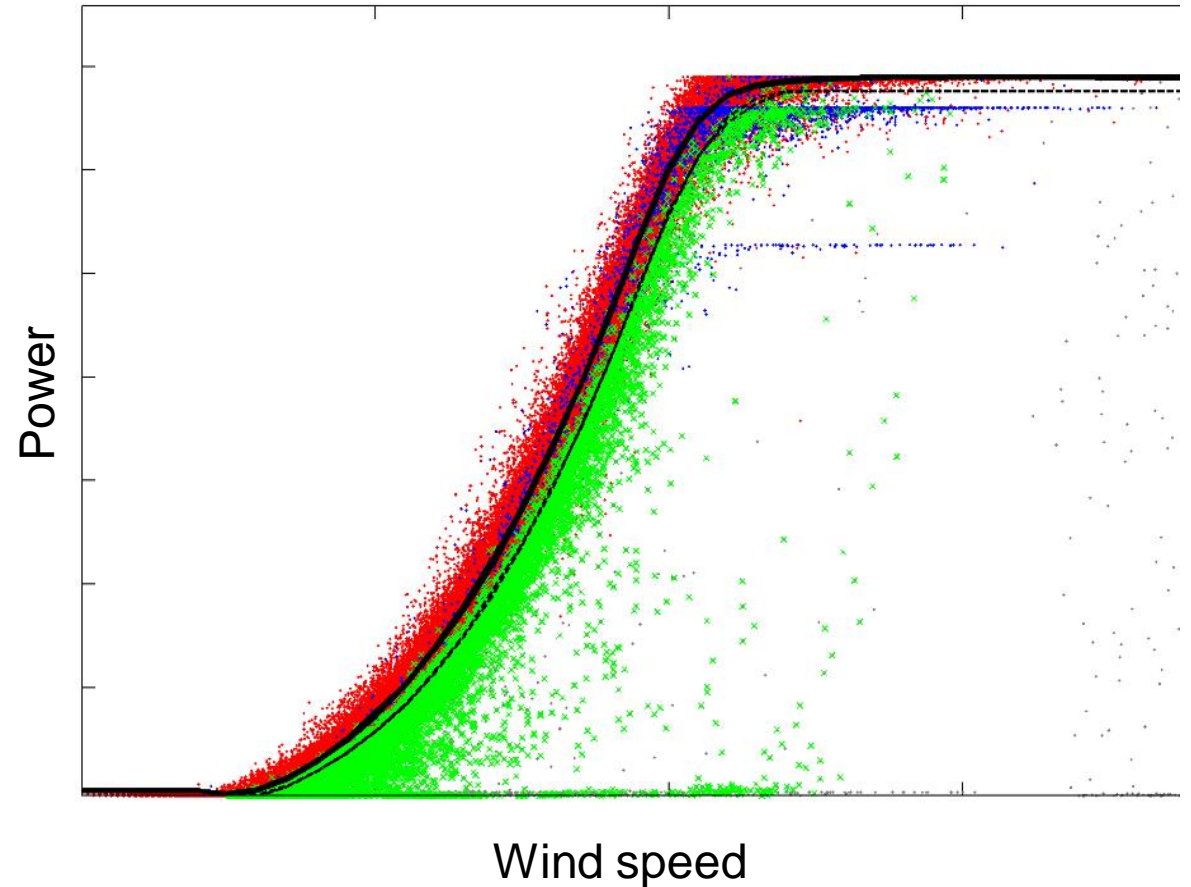
Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) of icing losses

► Gross to net energy yield



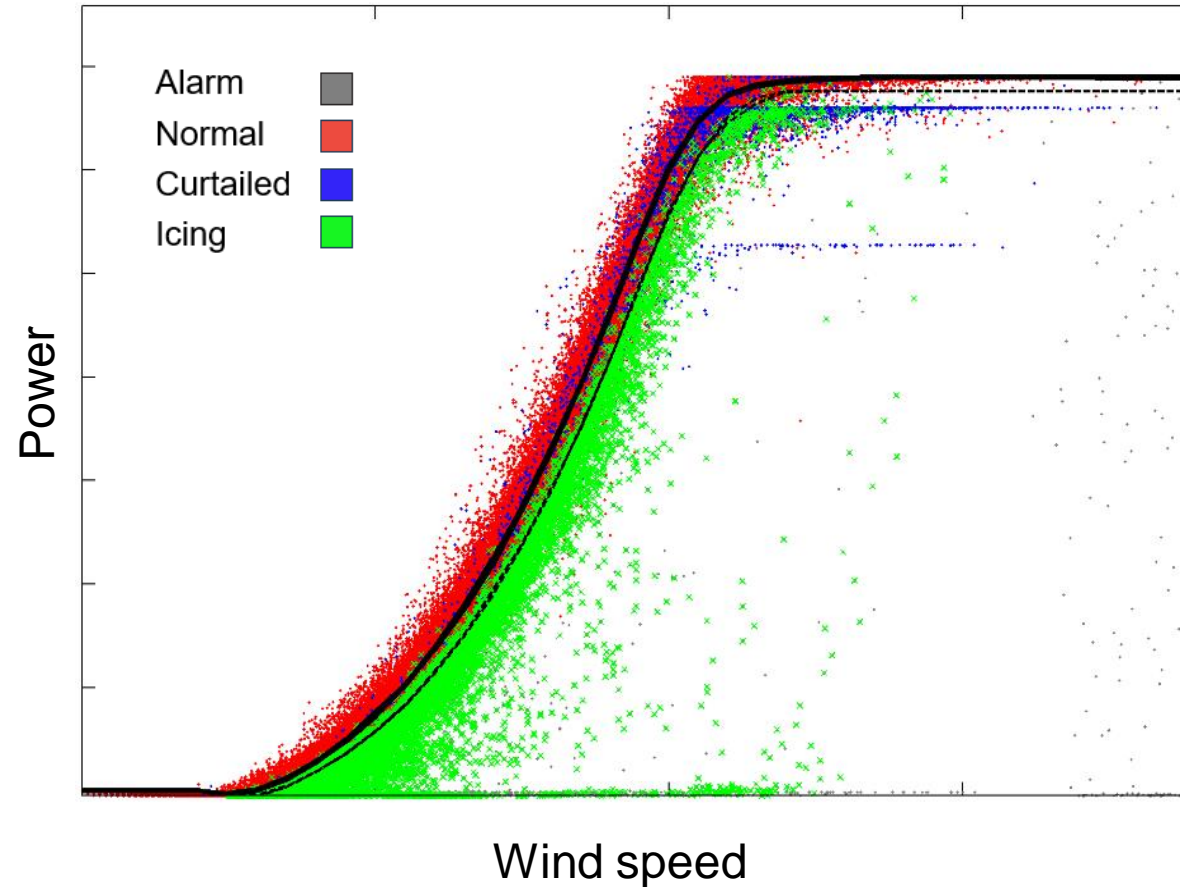
Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) based on SCADA data

- ▶ Historical power curves
 - ▶ SCADA data filtering



Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) based on SCADA data

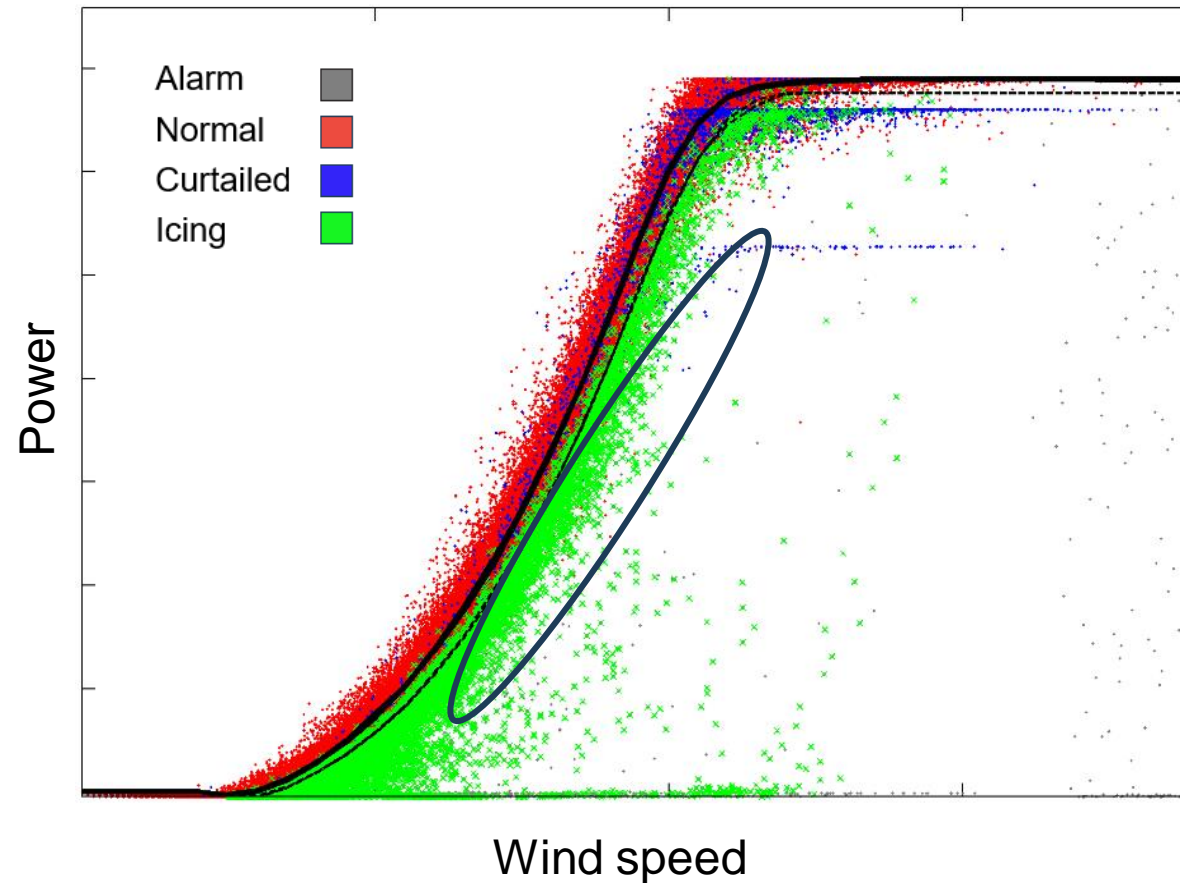
- ▶ Historical power curves
 - ▶ SCADA data filtering
- ▶ Categorization of losses



Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) of icing losses

Historical icing loss calculations

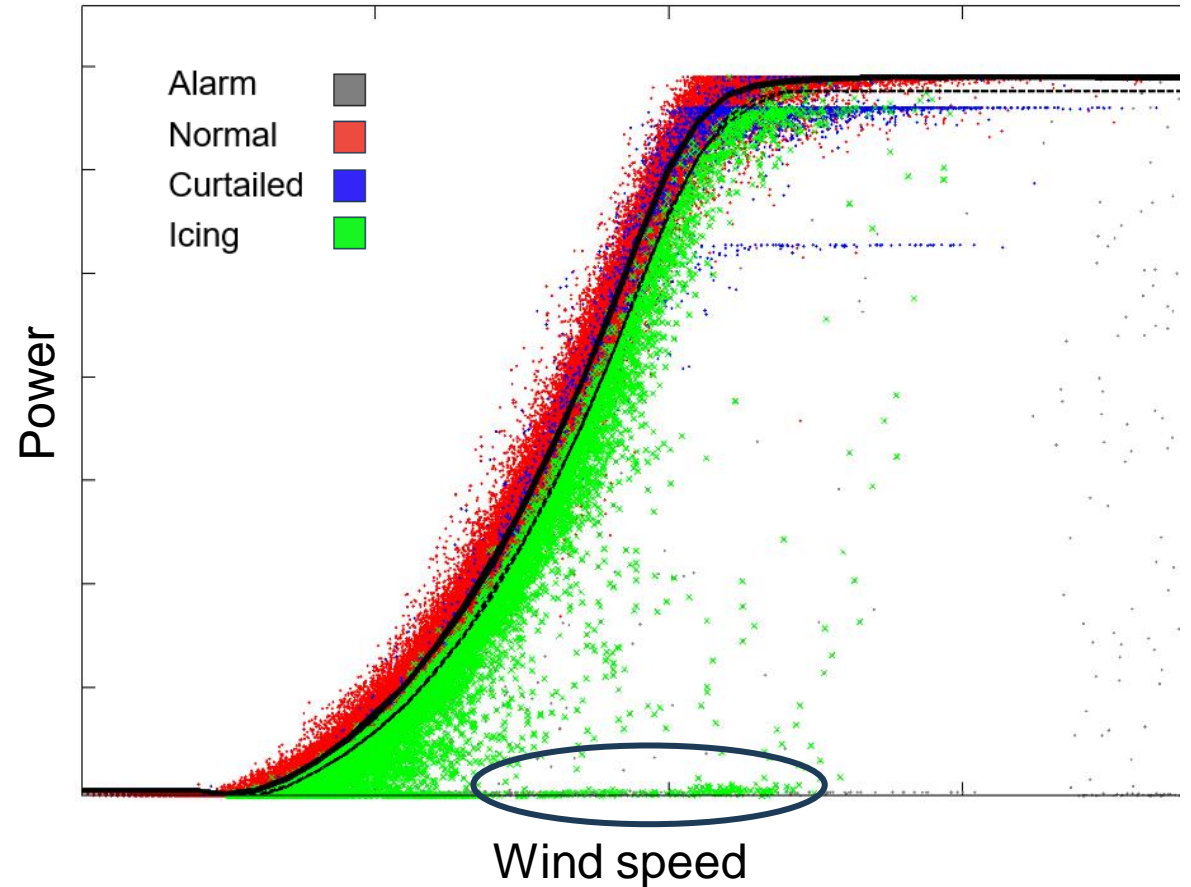
- ▶ T19IceLossMethod:
 - Operation icing losses



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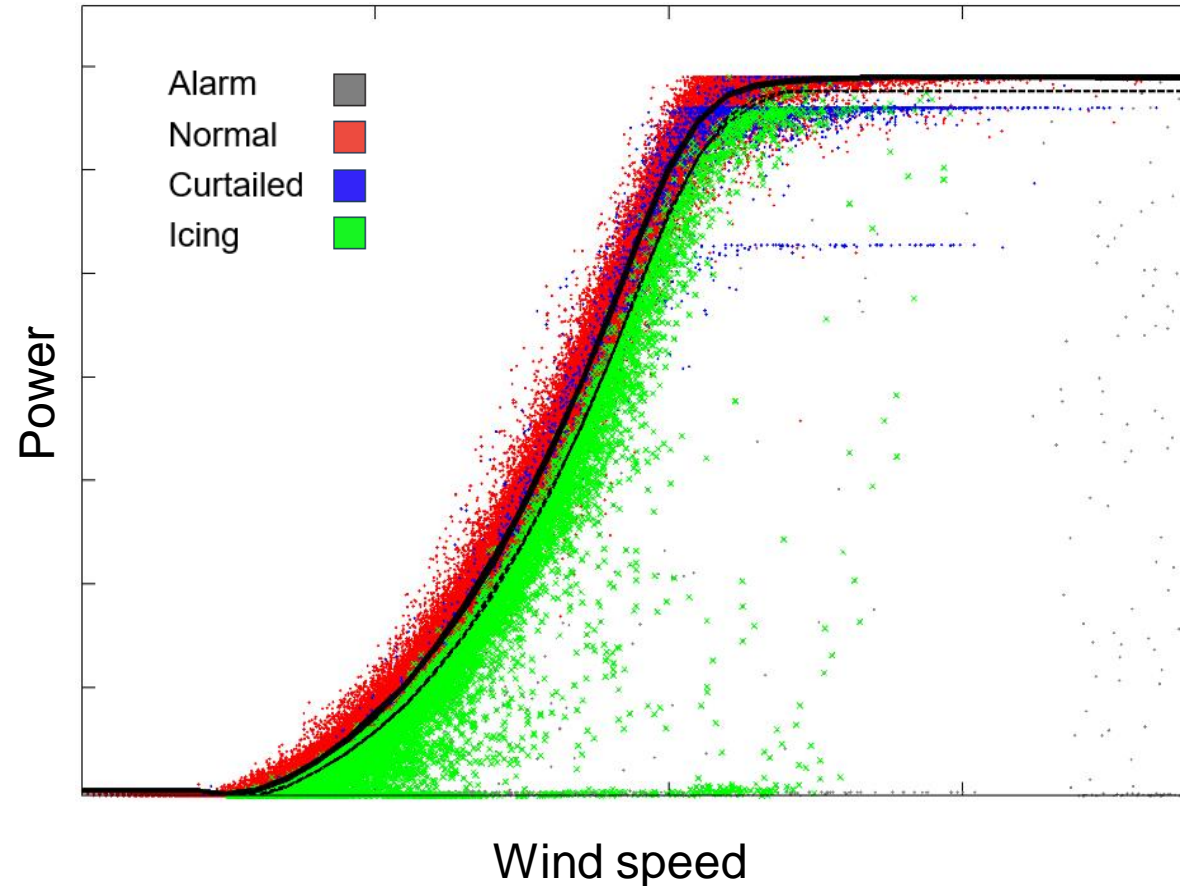
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 - Standstill icing losses



Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) of icing losses

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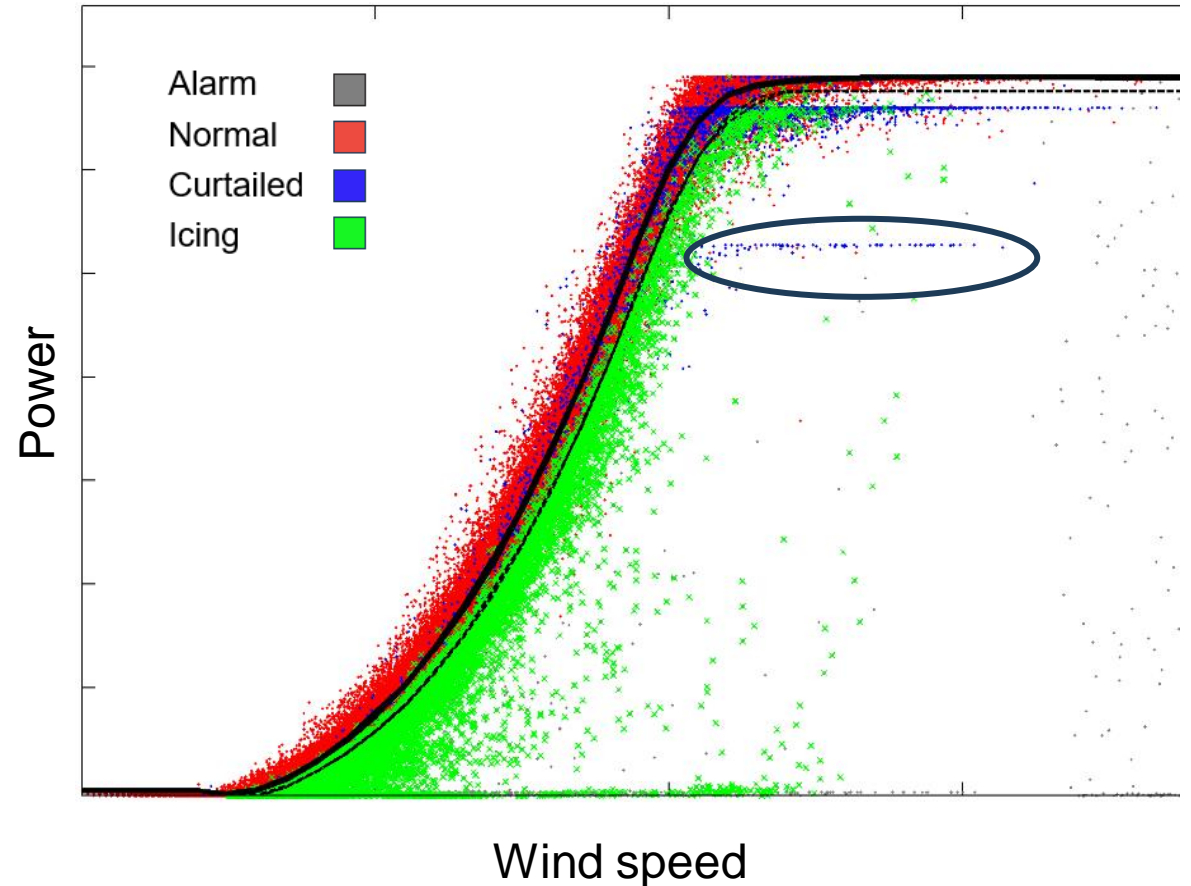
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- ▶ SCADA status and **detailed** alarm logs



Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) of icing losses

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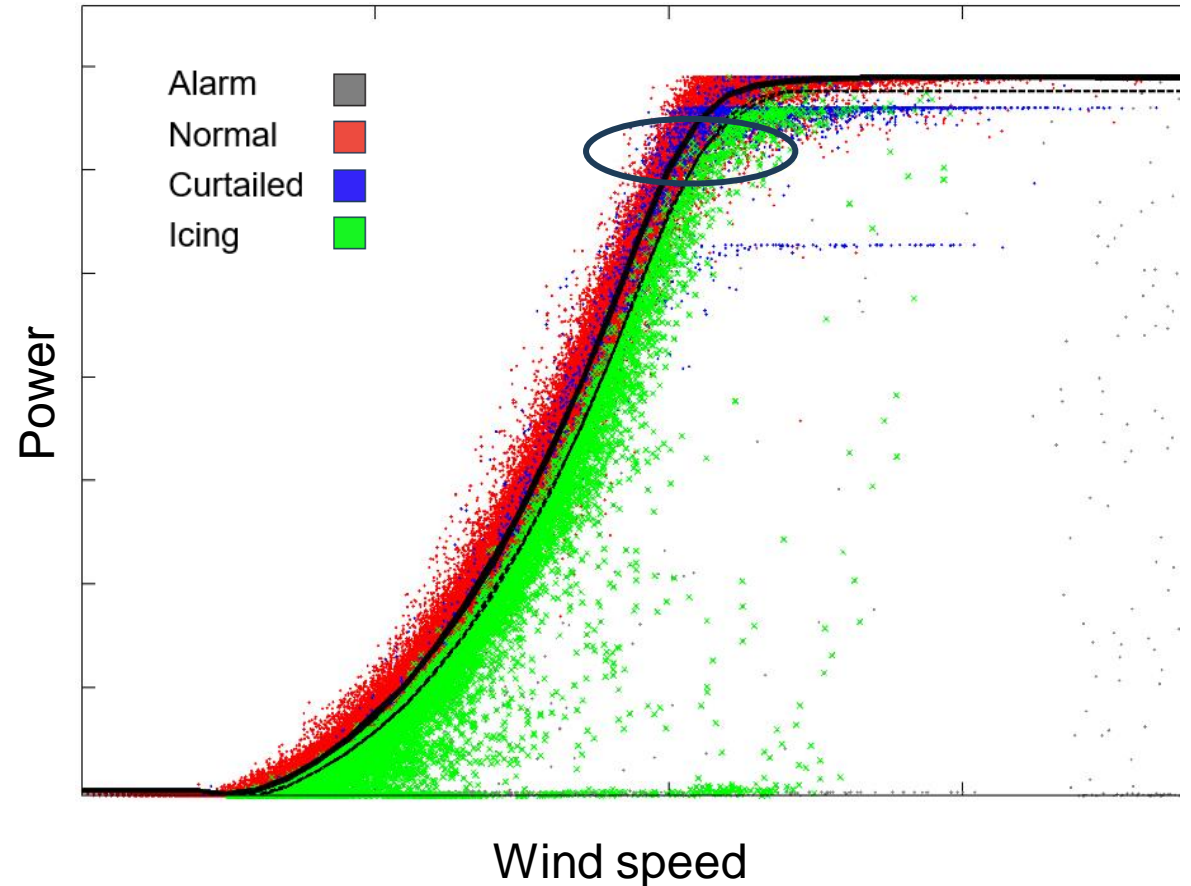
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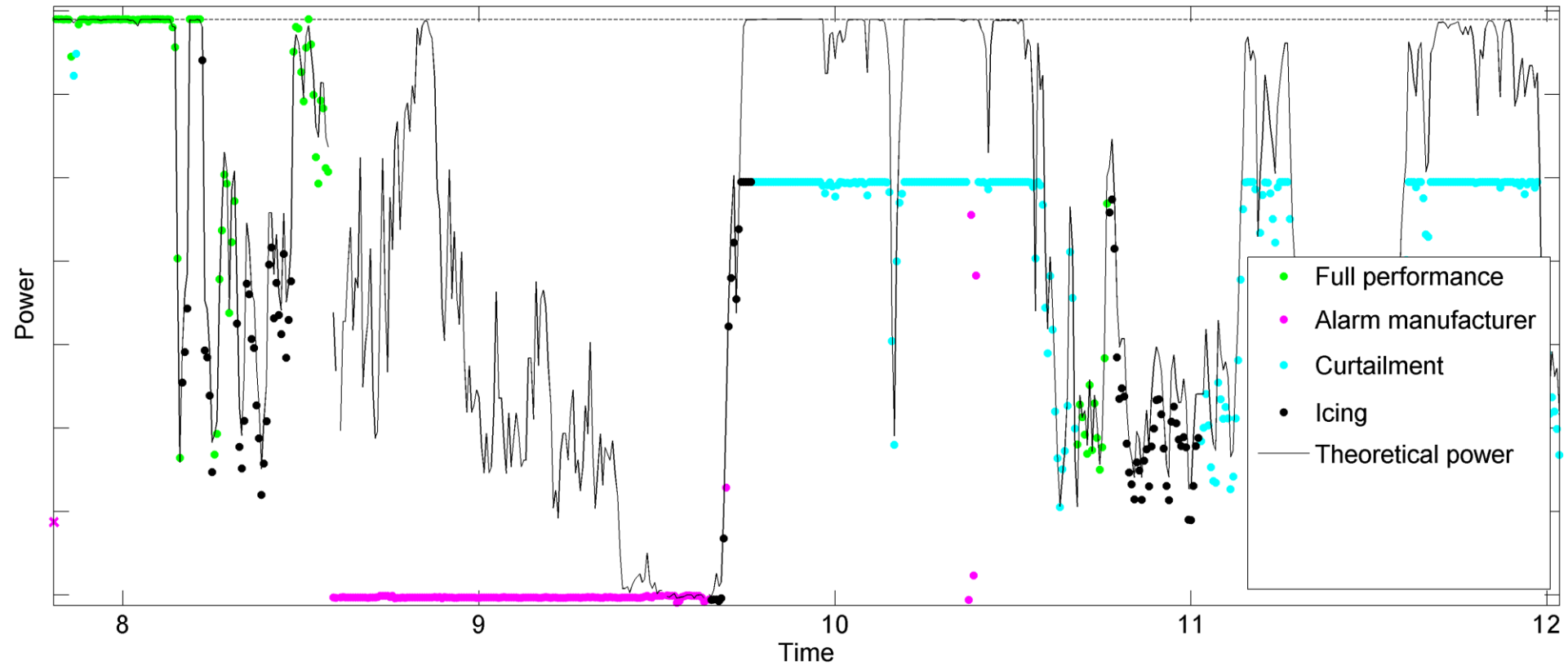
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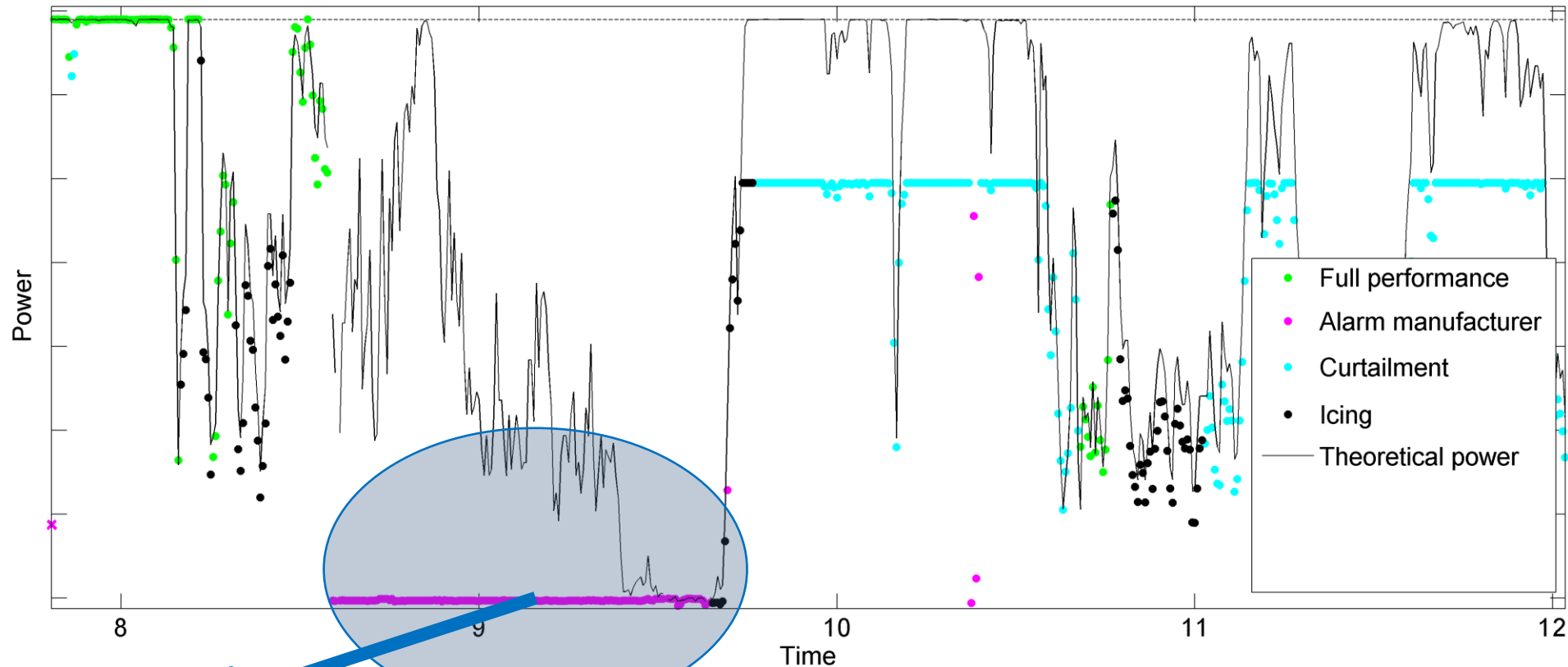


SCADA production time series – data filtering



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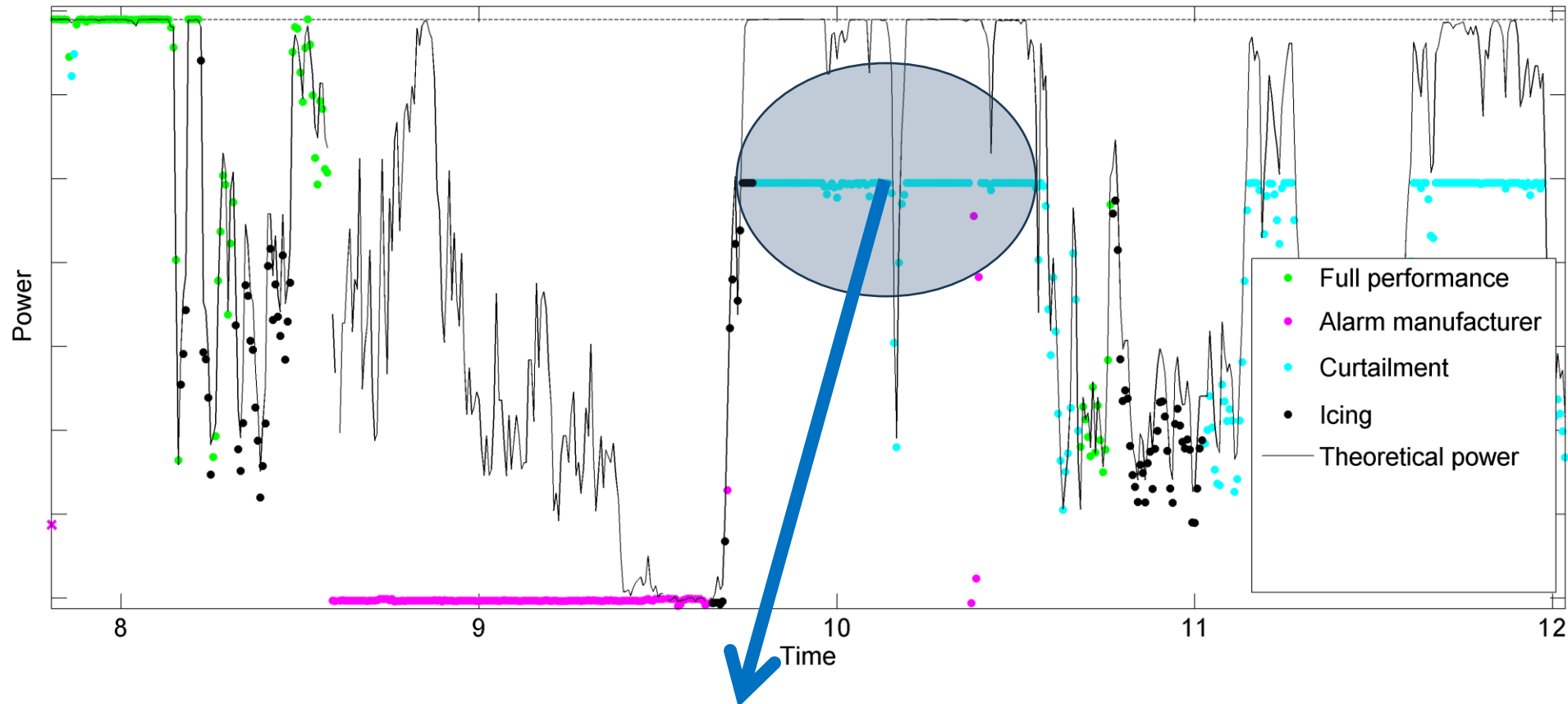
► Down times



Are these down times due to icing or alarm/maintenance or something else?

SCADA production time series – data filtering

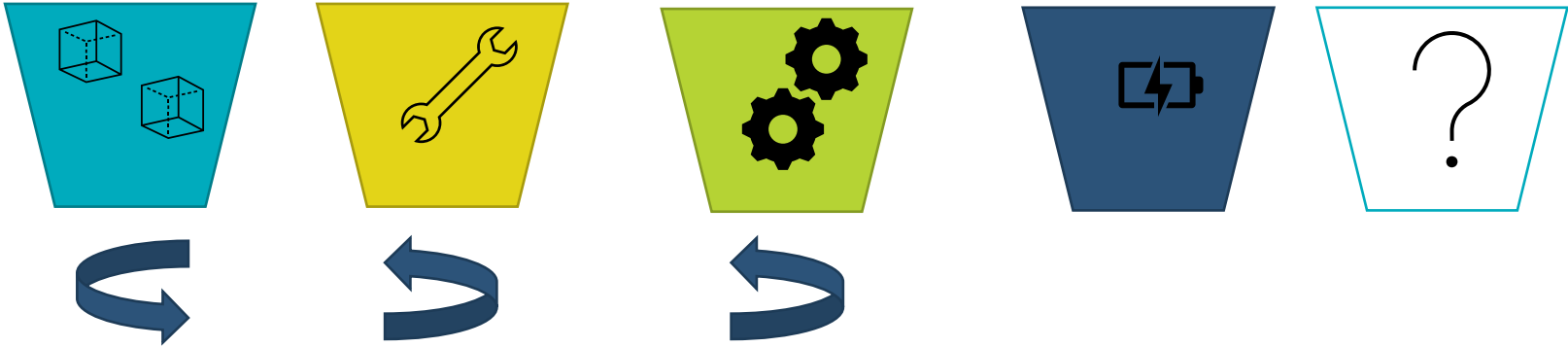
► Curtailments



Are these curtailments due to “iced blade” operation or something else?

Gross to net energy yield – How do we categorize filtered data?

Typical annual production losses	Icing	Availability (Alarms)	Curtailments	Other performance	Missing periods
TOTAL WF	5.0 %	3.0 % to 10.0 %	0.0 % to 2.0 %	0.0 % to 1.0 %	< 0.5 %

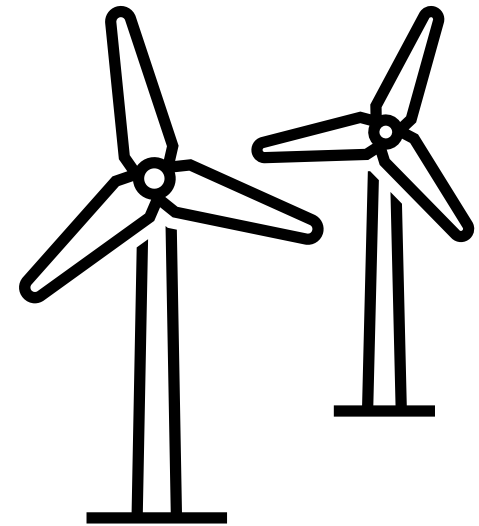


Post-construction production assessment (PCPA) - experiences

- ▶ KVT experiences with SCADA filtering
 - Utilize WRF model and IceLoss model
 - Biased SCADA temperature data
 - Periods with problems in SCADA based wind speed
 - Find outlier turbines

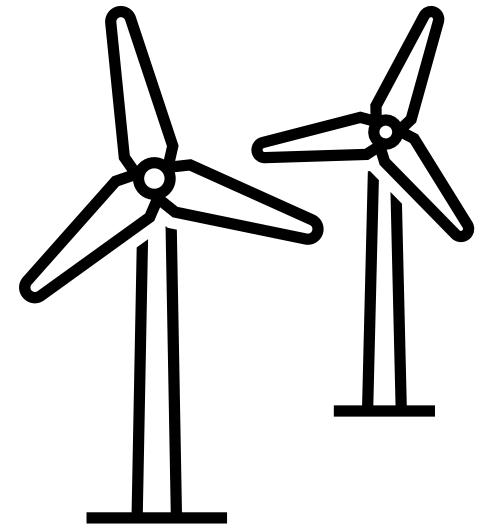


Historical (short-term) icing losses from SCADA found, what is next?



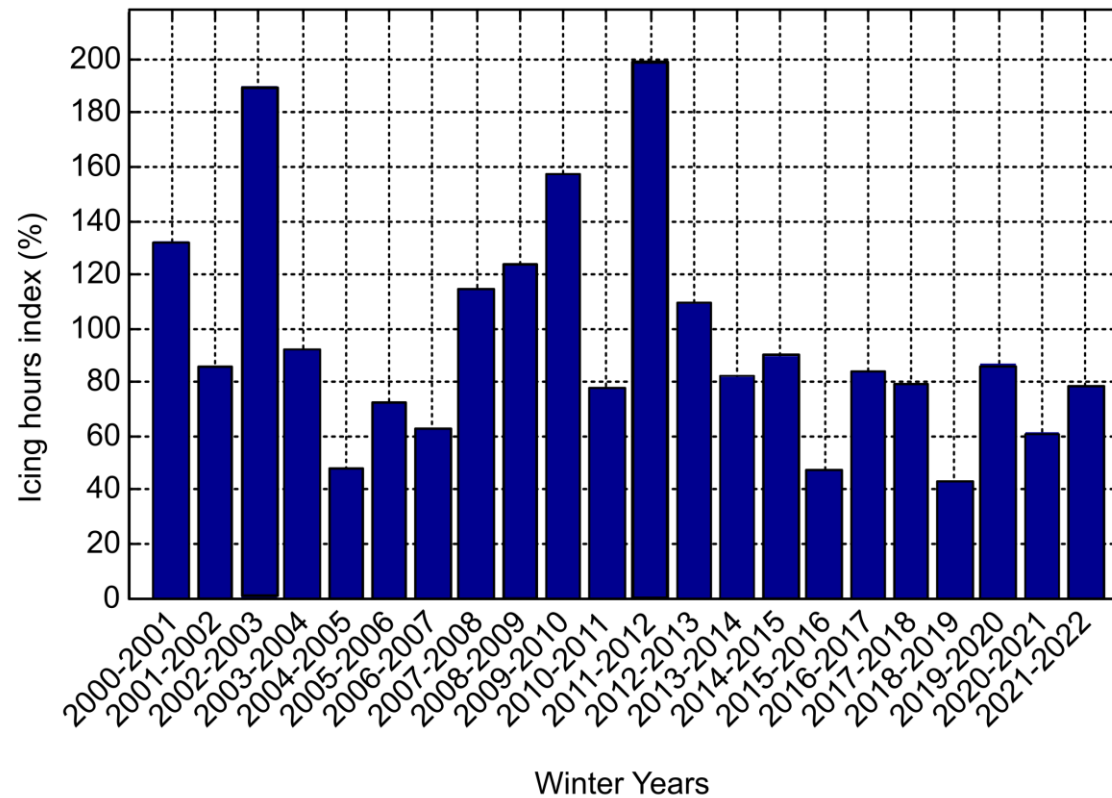
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Long-term adjustment



Long-term adjustment of icing losses found in SCADA

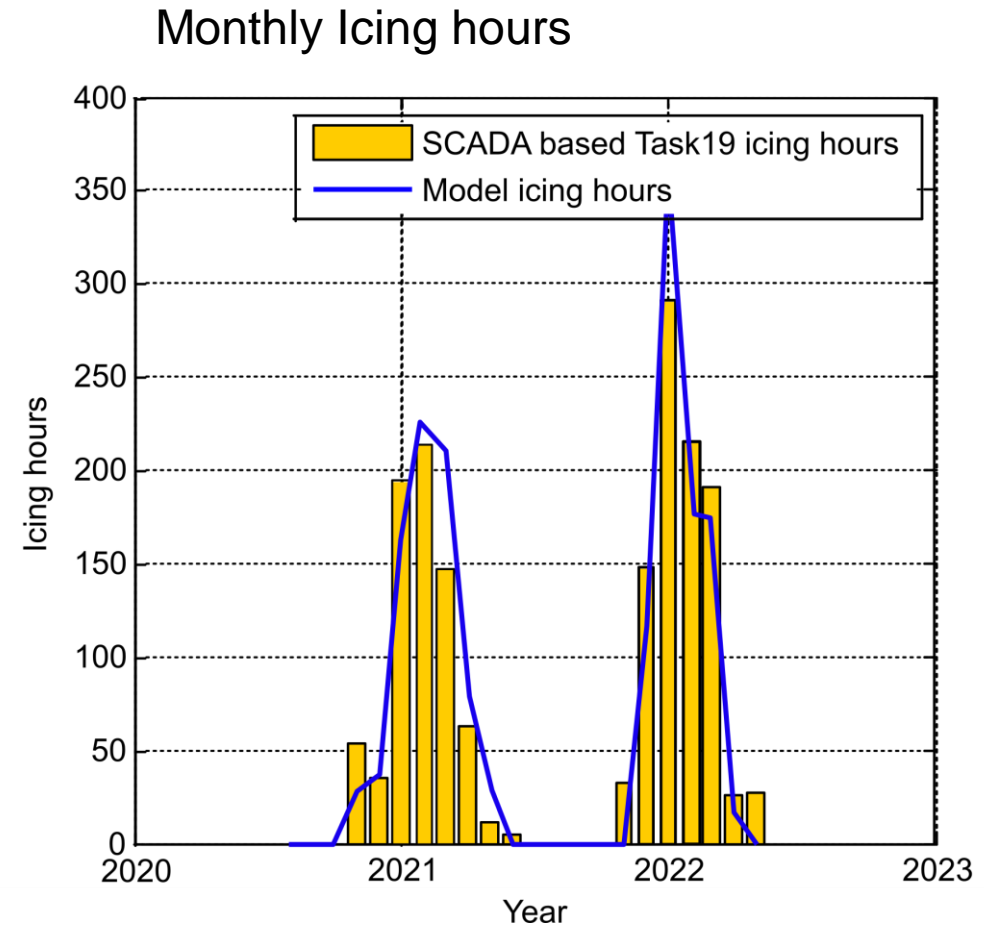
► KVT IceLoss model



Long-term adjustment of icing losses found in SCADA

Example:

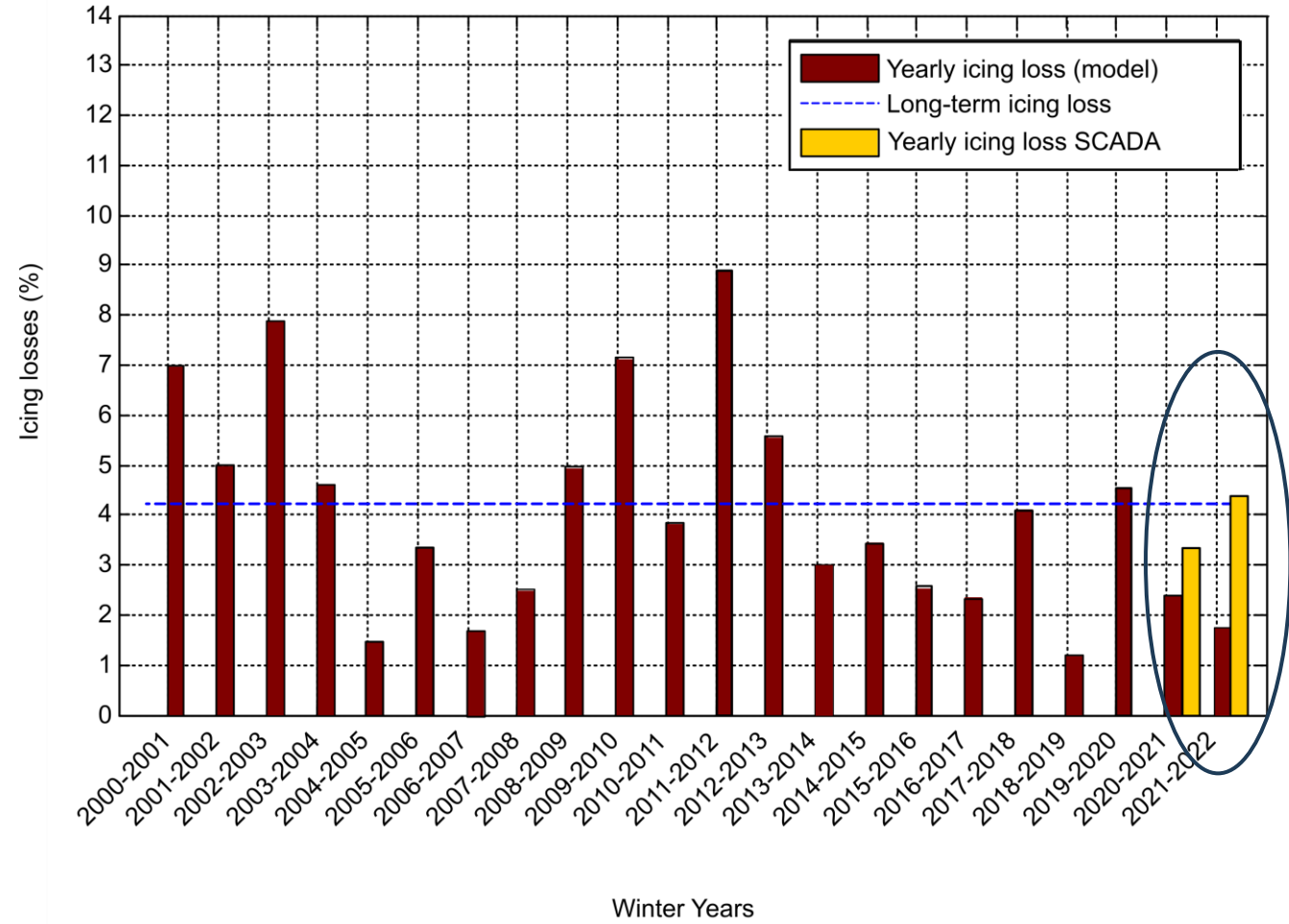
- ▶ Monthly comparison
SCADA/KVT IceLoss model
- 2 years



Long-term adjustment of icing losses found in SCADA

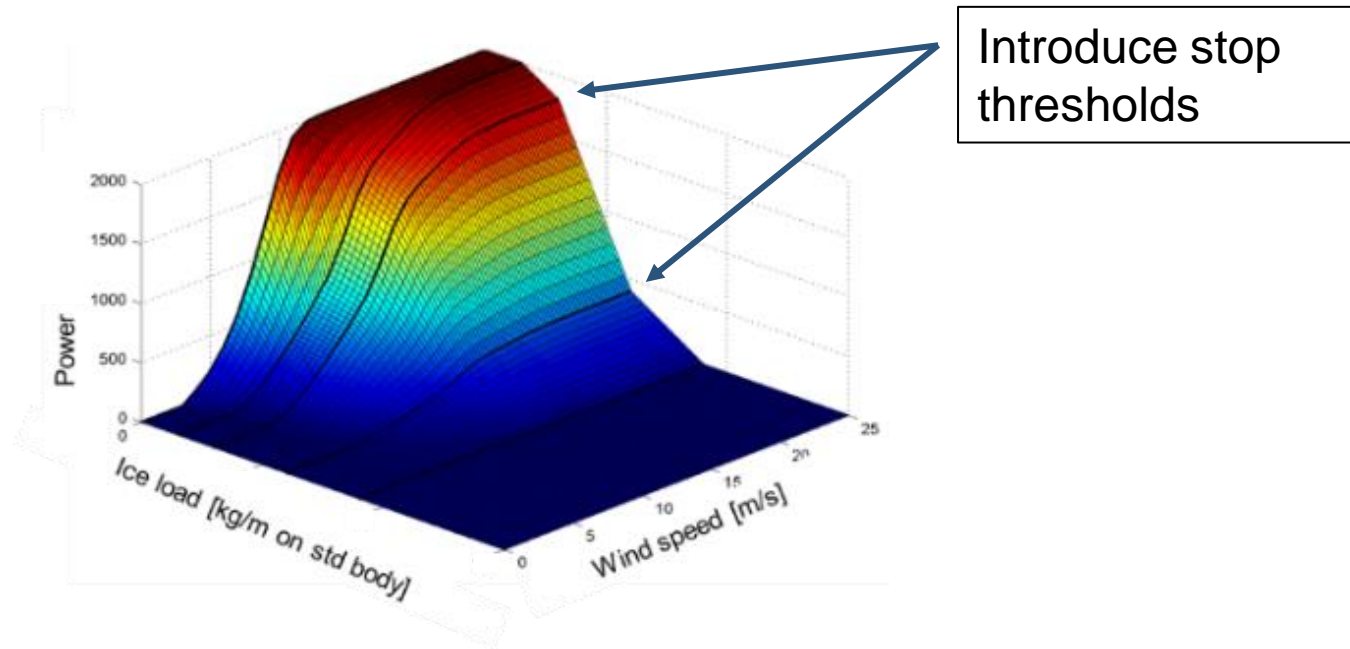
Example:

- ▶ Yearly comparison SCADA/KVT IceLoss model



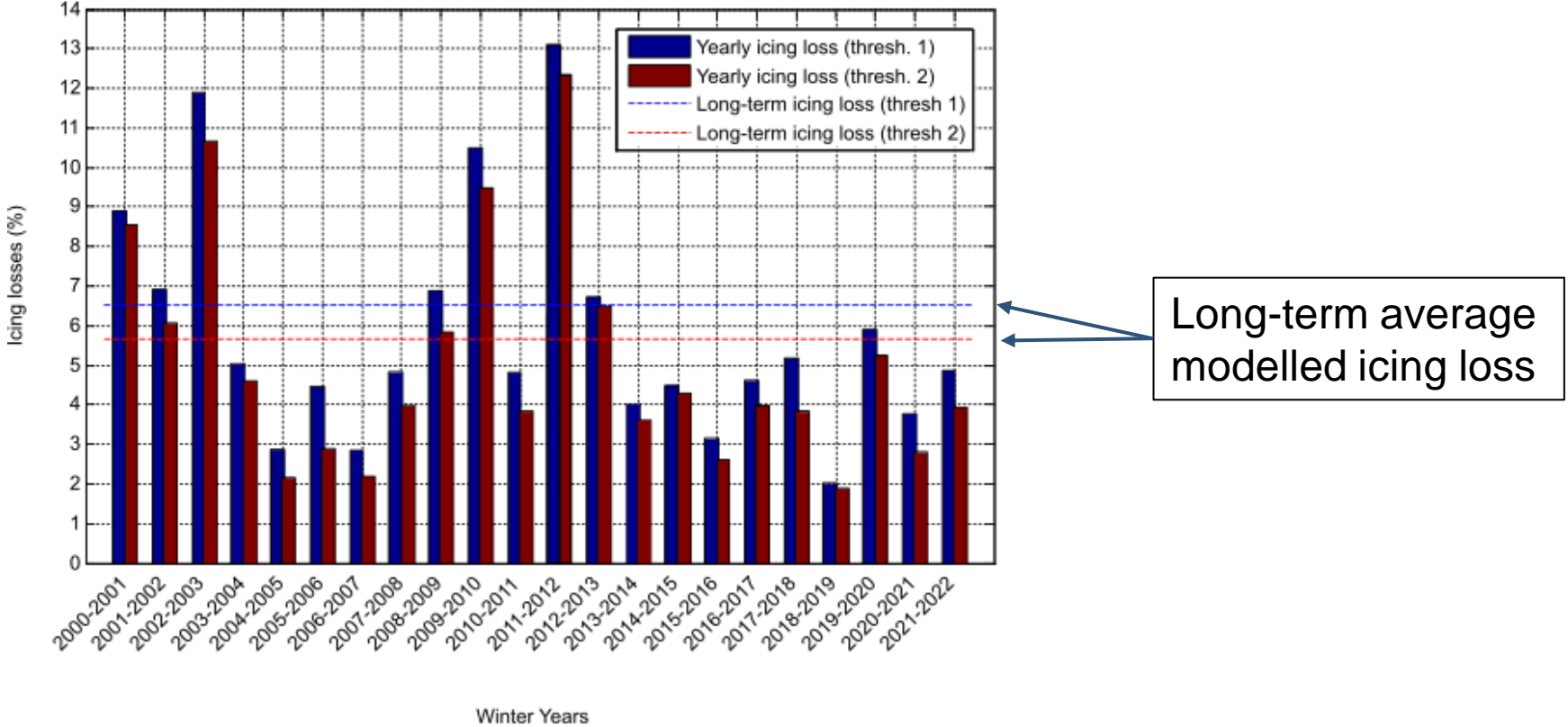
Long-term adjustment of icing losses found in SCADA

- ▶ Tune the IceLoss model to fit SCADA losses



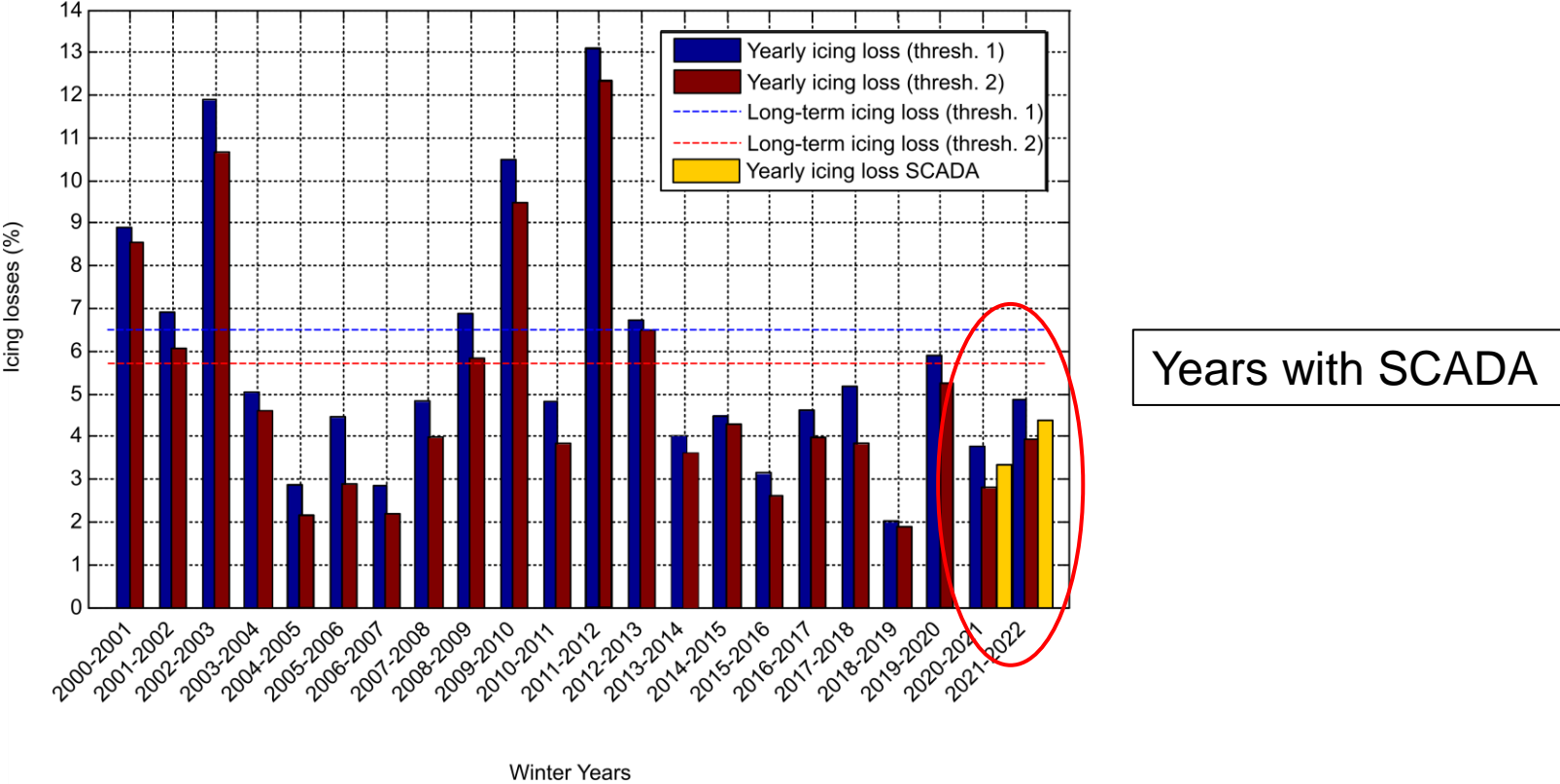
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► Introducing stops



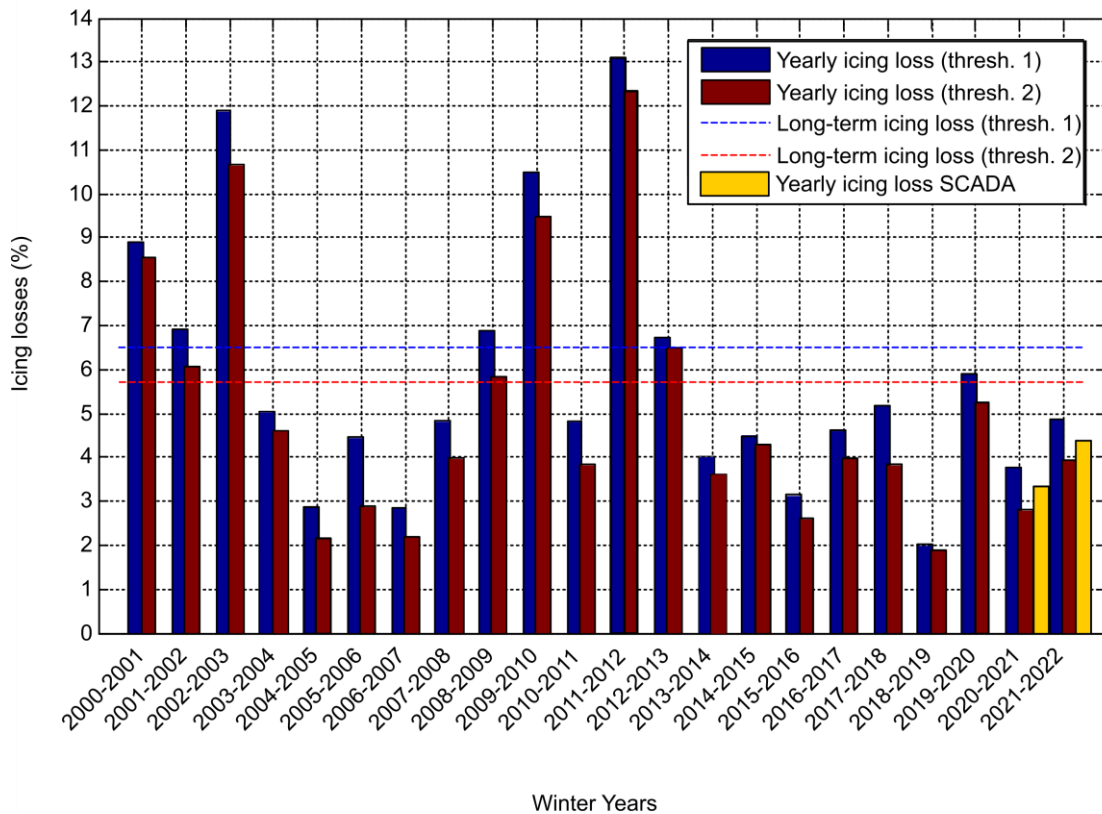
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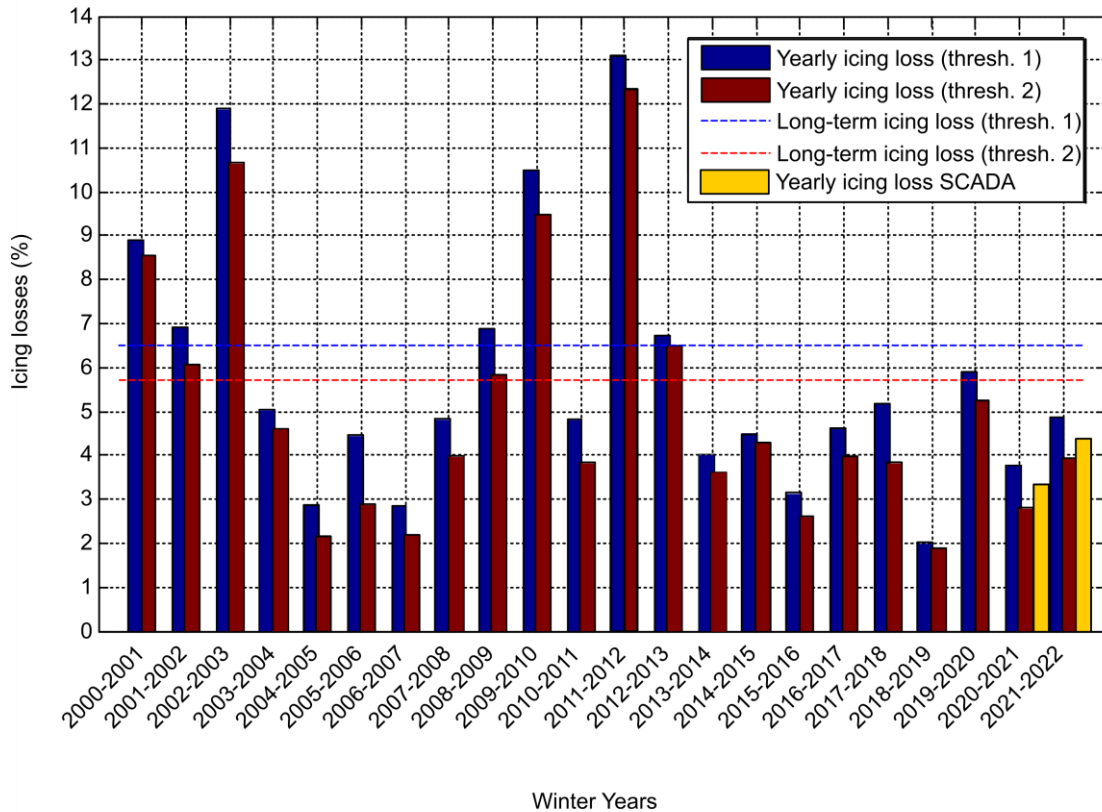
► Final long-term icing losses



Data source	Short term annual average	Long term annual average
Standard Iceloss	2.5 %	4.2 %
Iceloss (thresh. 1)	4.4 %	6.5 %
Iceloss (thresh. 2)	3.4 %	5.8 %
SCADA (2 years)	3.9 % (3.1 % during operation)	6.2 %

Long-term adjustment of icing losses found in SCADA

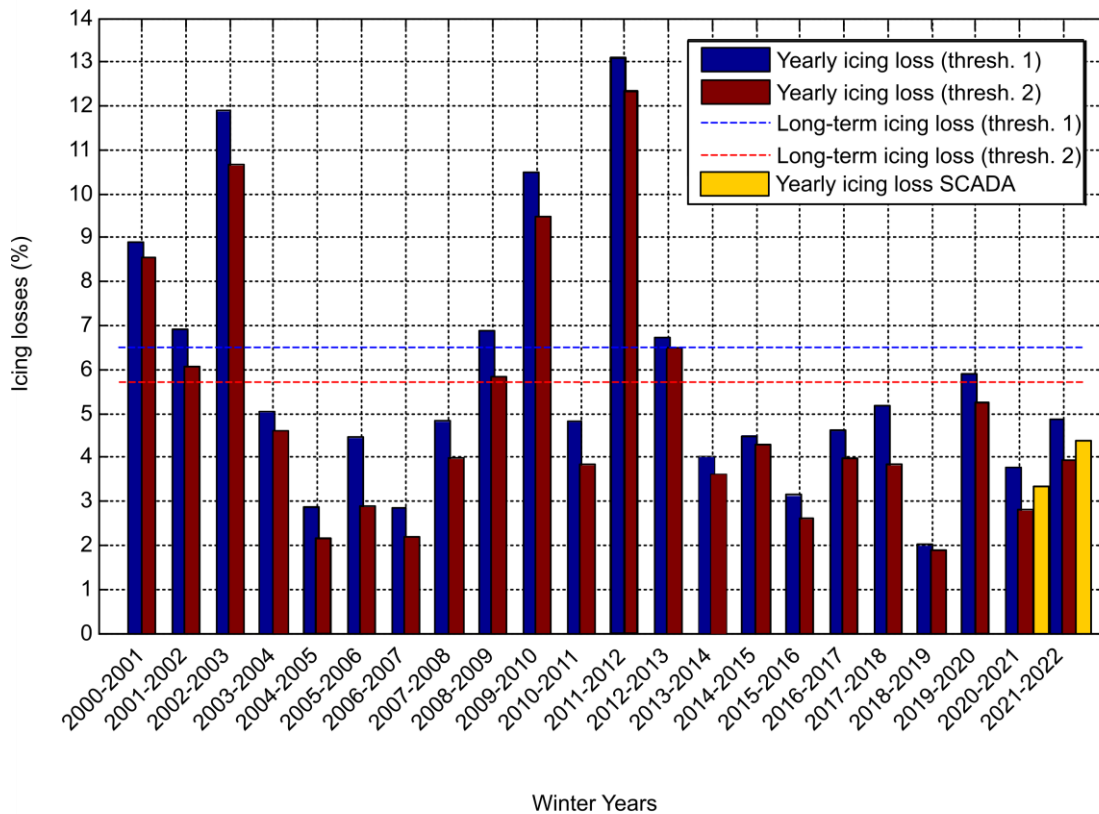
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Final long-term ice loss estimation

Take-away

- ▶ Long-term estimations of icing losses are important
- ▶ Detailed alarms/logs is key to categorize icing events correctly
- ▶ KVT models are useful tools in the long-term correction as well as in the filtering





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Thank you!