


Borealis Wind

Winterwind 2020

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A winter landscape featuring a wind turbine on the left, snow-covered evergreen trees in the middle ground, and a clear blue sky with light clouds. The foreground is a snow-covered field. Two large, semi-transparent white circles are overlaid on the image, containing text.

Problem:
Icing is the leading
cause of revenue loss
for cold climate wind
farms

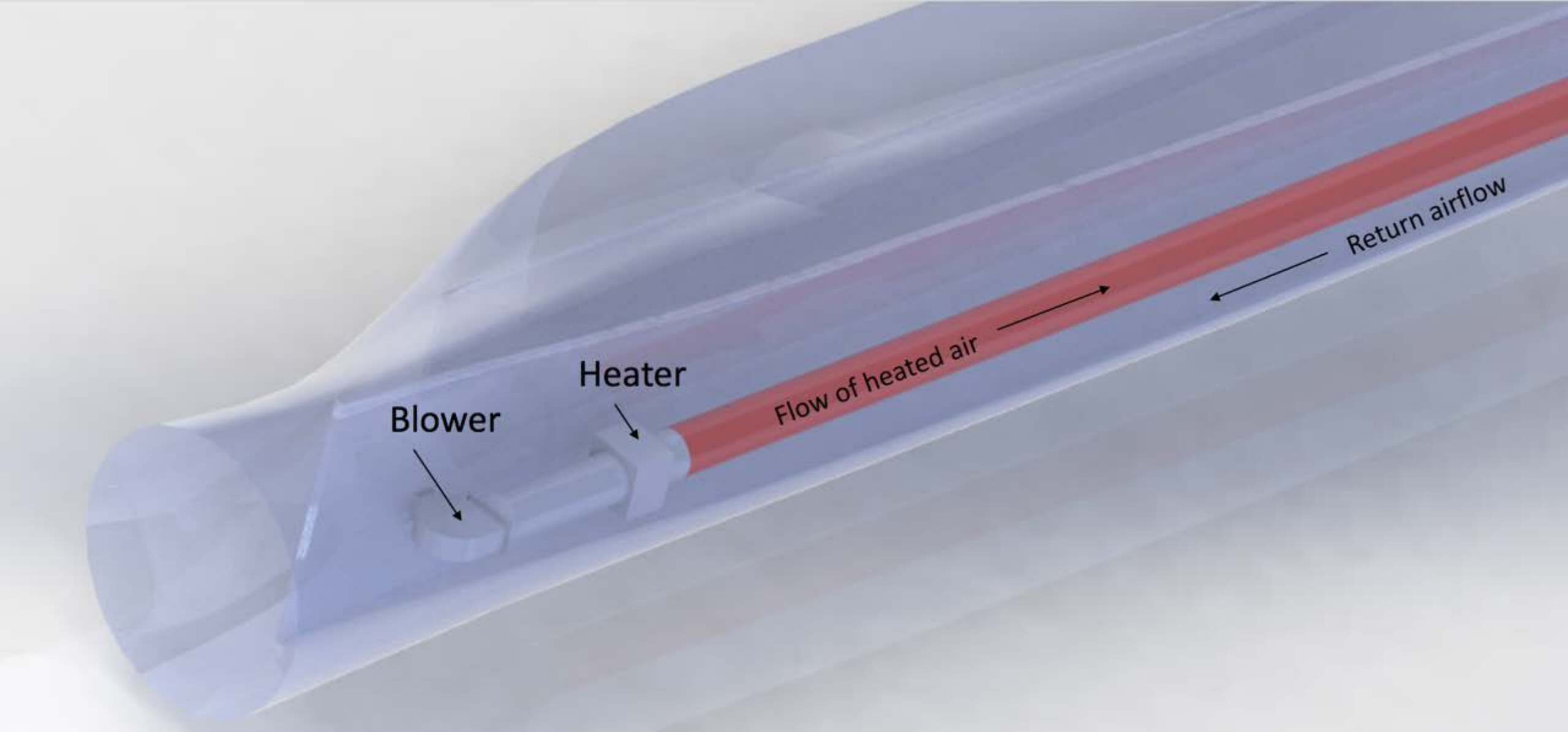
Our Goal:
Provide a simple
retrofit system that can
reduce icing loss by at
least 70%





Founded in 2014

First site visit in October 2014

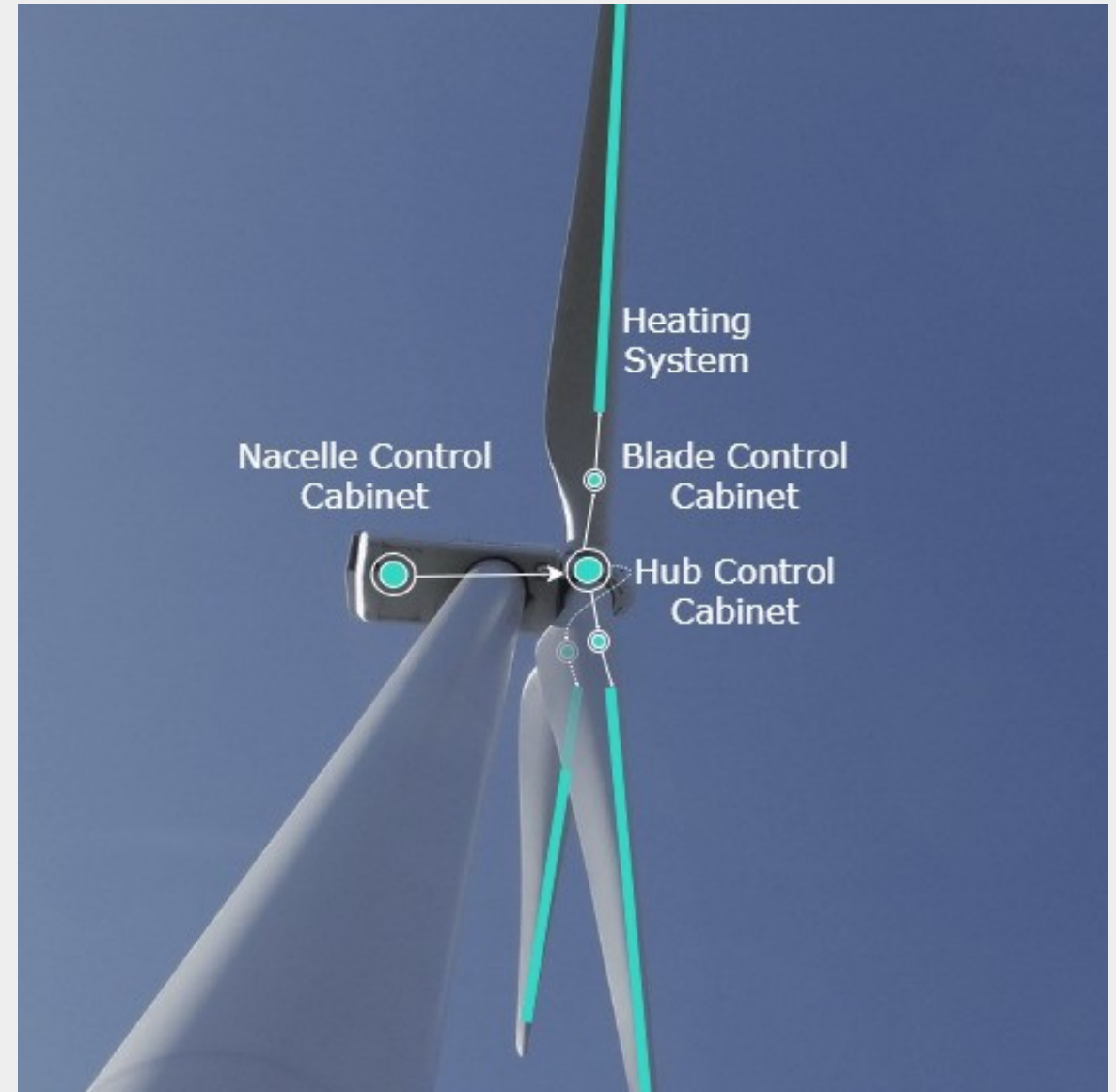


Borealis Ice Protection System



System details

- Borealis IPS
 - Nacelle control cabinet
 - Hub control cabinet
 - Blade control cabinet
 - Heating system
- Optional Feeder Circuit
 - Additional 100 kW to hub
 - Power cable from basement to nacelle
 - Upgraded slipring



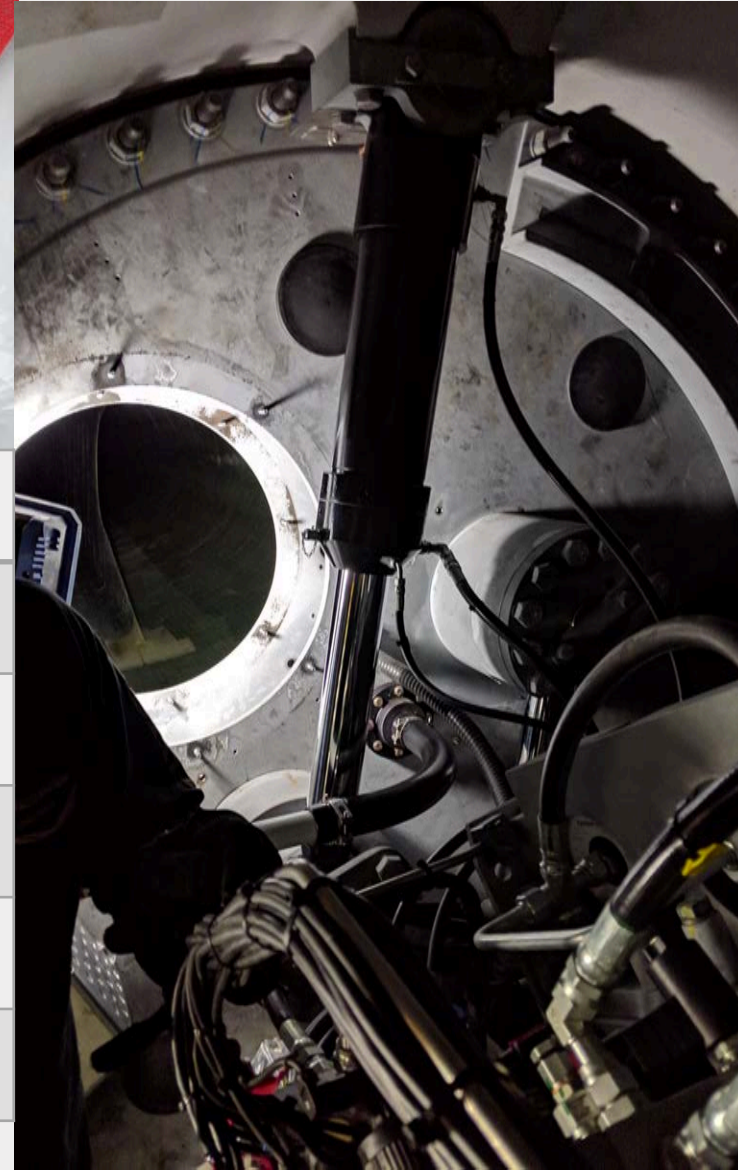


Installation

- 9 days to retrofit the Borealis System
- Schedule is designed to have the turbine operational overnight
- All materials are sized so they can be easily passed into the blade
 - Less than 50 cm x 50cm in cross section
 - Less than 70 lbs.



Each Day



7 am	Safety meeting
8 am	Climb, Crane-up materials
9 am	Pin blade horizontally and pass materials into the blade
10 am – 5pm	Planned work
6 pm	Clean up, move materials out of blade
7 pm	Return turbine to operation

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Team 1	Install duct and electrical panel in Blade A, B, C			Install blower and heater in Blade A, B, C			Run cable from the hub to the heating system in Blade A, B, C		
Team 2	Mount hub and nacelle panel		Run Cable from nacelle to hub		Mount tower electrical panels		Run cable up tower		Slip ring

Optional Feeder Circuit

Install Procedure



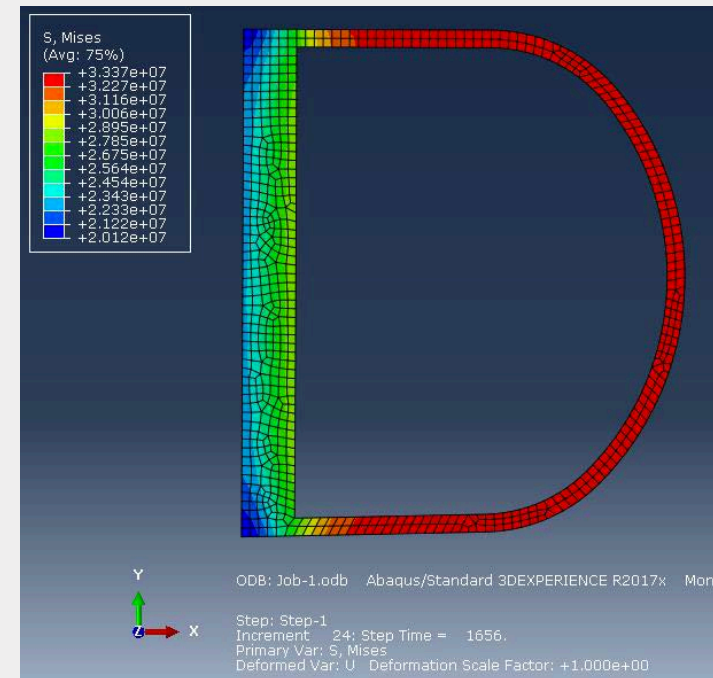


Risk Mitigation

- Load testing with the University of Maine, Advanced Composites and Structures Center
- Thermal impact analysis with the Composites Research Network and University of Waterloo
 - Physical testing and improvement of the model are ongoing
- Strain much less than the strain limit defined by IEC 61400-23

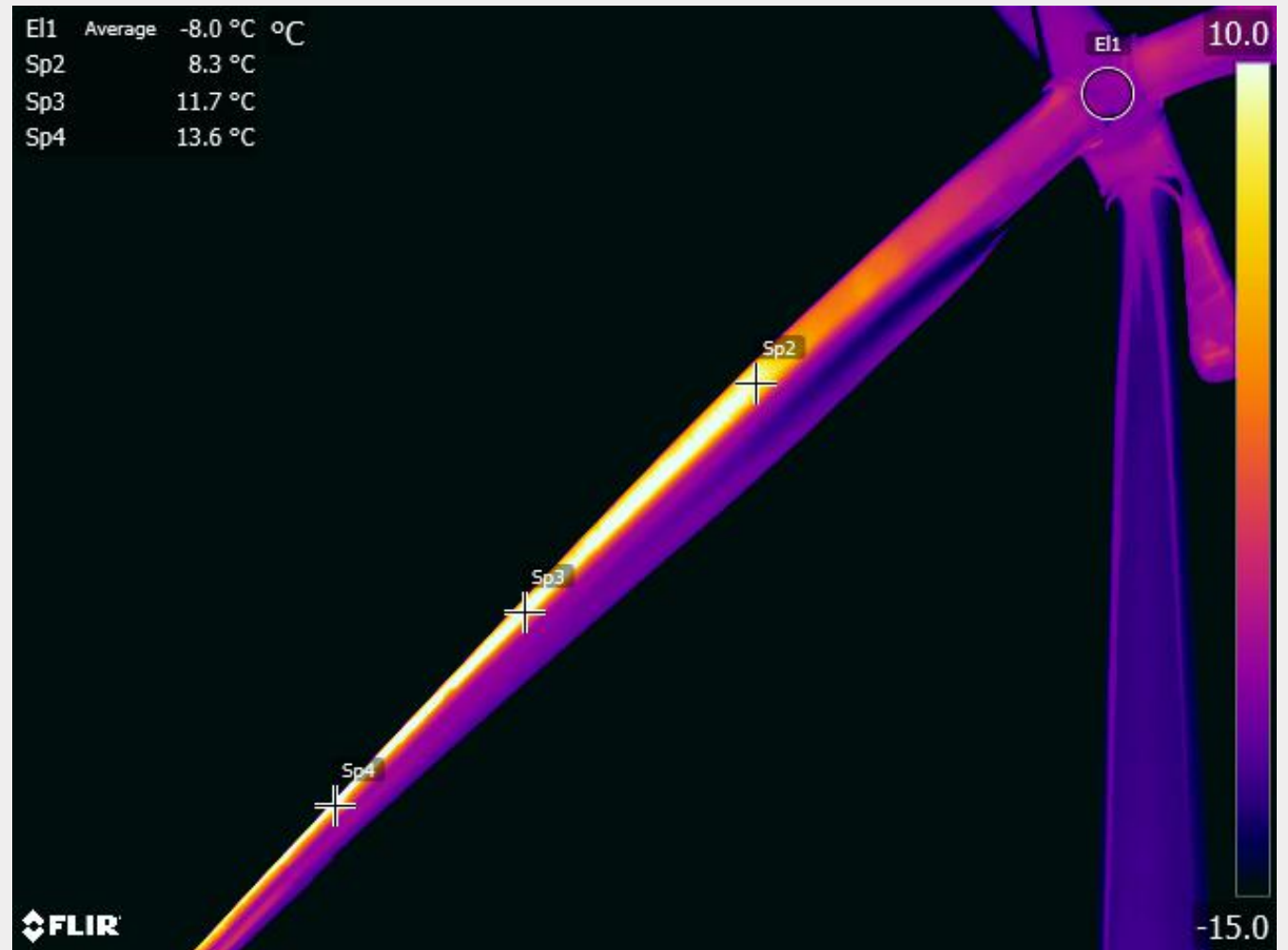


https://composites.umaine.edu/wp-content/uploads/sites/20/2016/07/UMCompositesCenter-WindBladeTesting_rev3-1.pdf

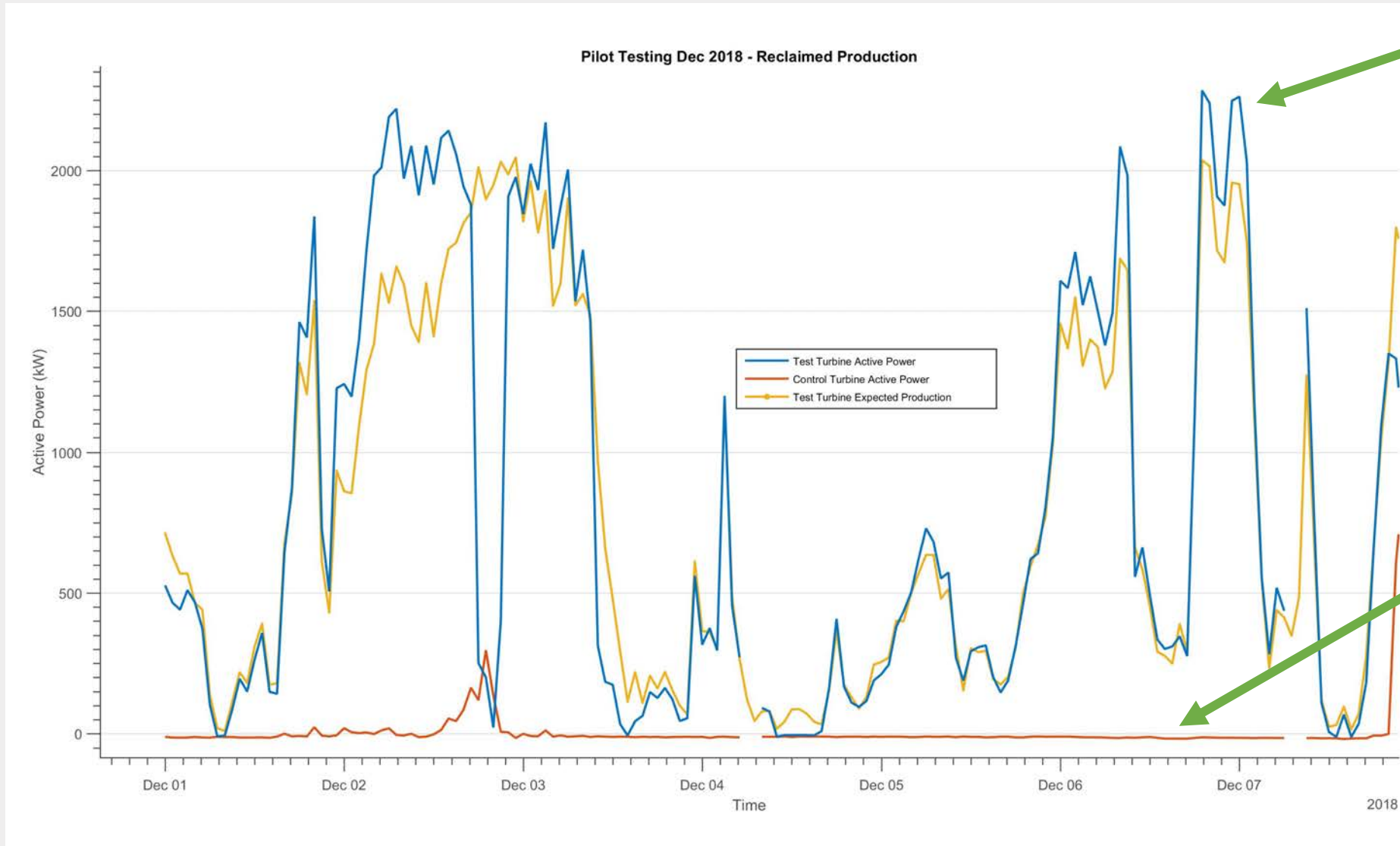


Infrared Photo of blade with Borealis IPS

Ambient Temperature	-7°C
Wind Speed	6 m/s
Blade Internal Temperature	32°C
Blade External Temperature	11°C



Icing Event Performance



Turbine **with** the Borealis System

Turbine **without** the Borealis System



2018:

Turbines retrofitted: 2

Turbine: Siemens

Location: Ontario, Canada

+Production loss recovered: 50%

-Manual Control

-Designed for de-icing not anti-icing

2019:

Turbines retrofitted: 6

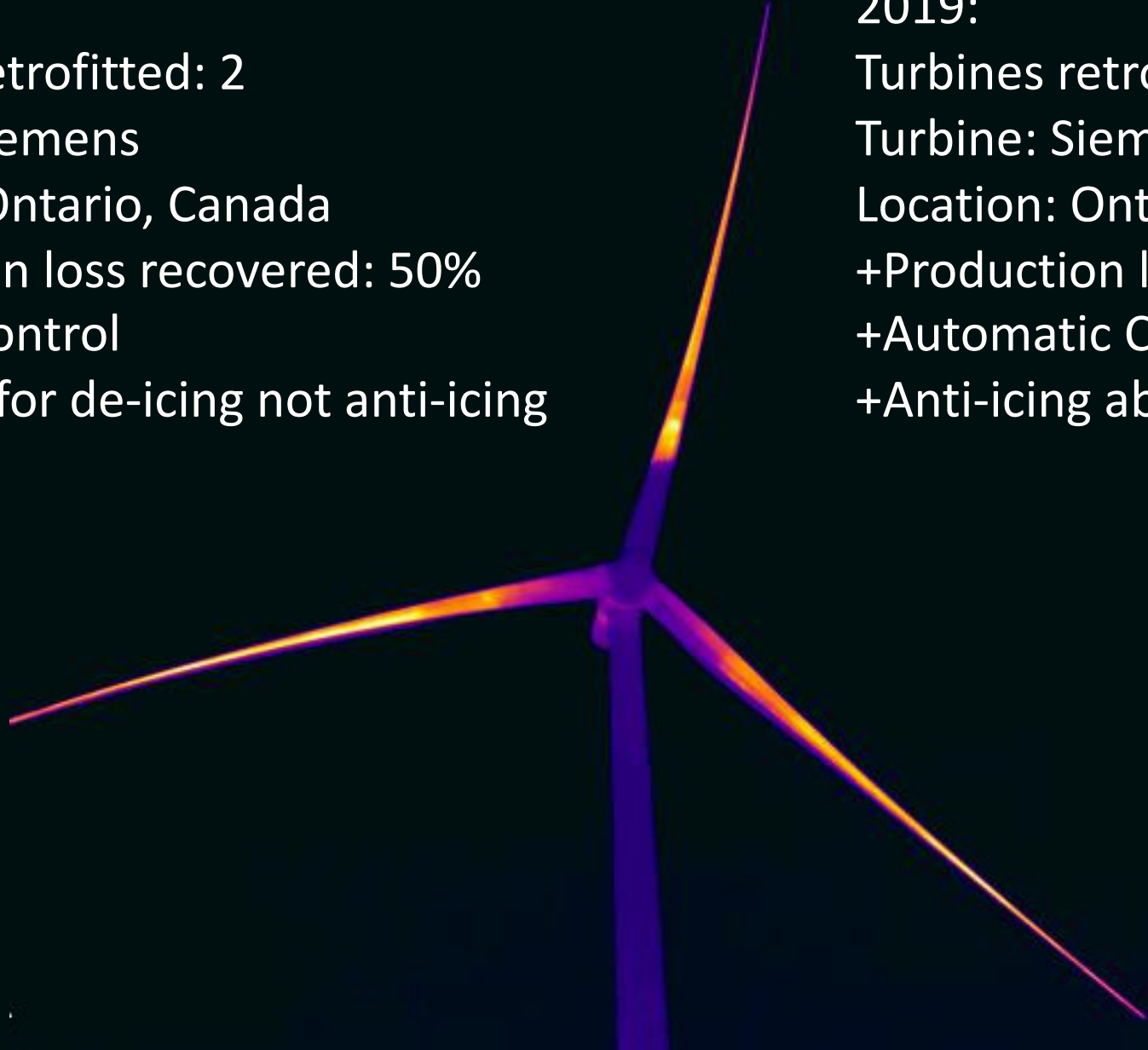
Turbine: Siemens, Senvion

Location: Ontario & Quebec, Canada

+Production loss recovered: TBD

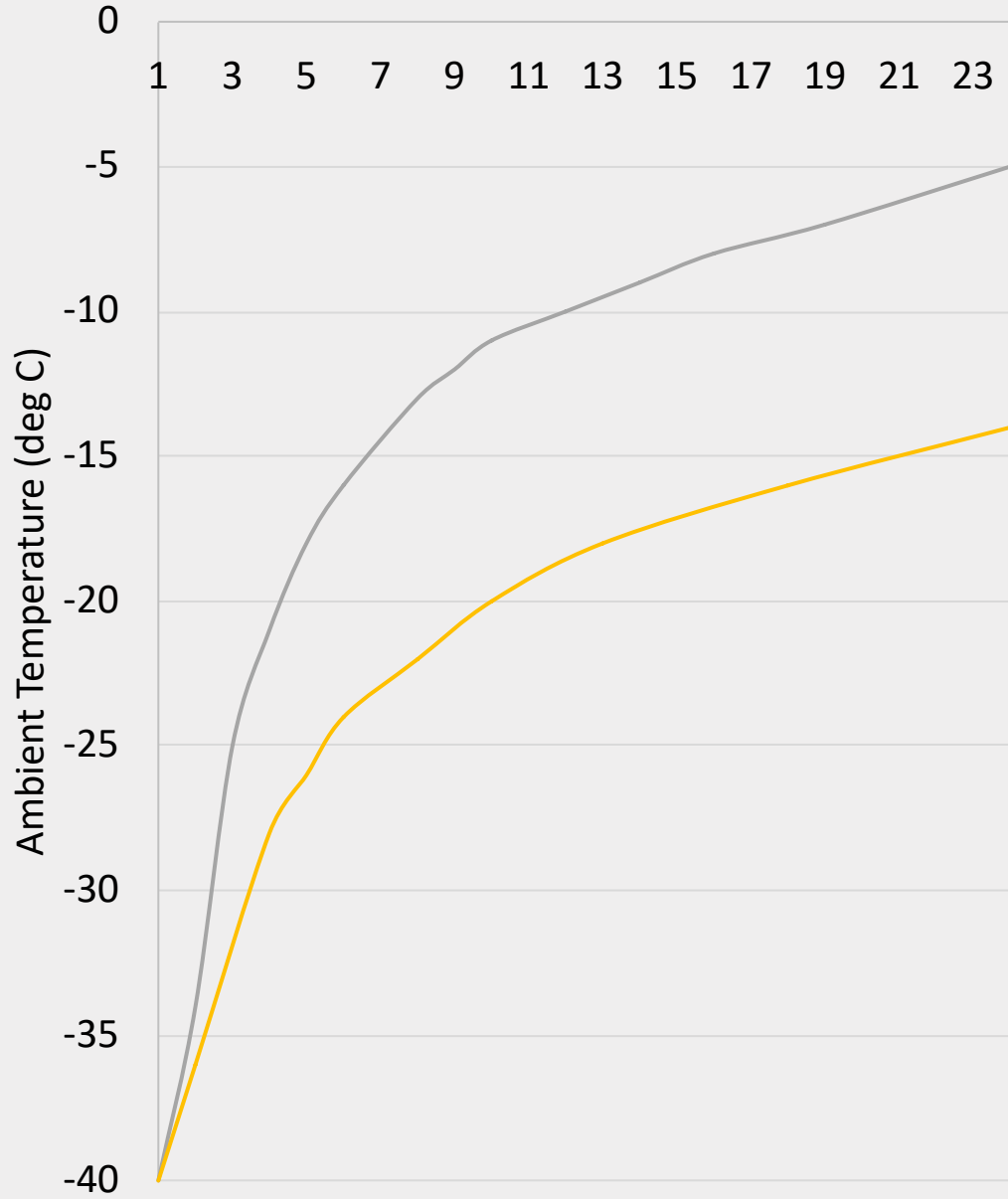
+Automatic Control

+Anti-icing ability improved



De-icing Ability

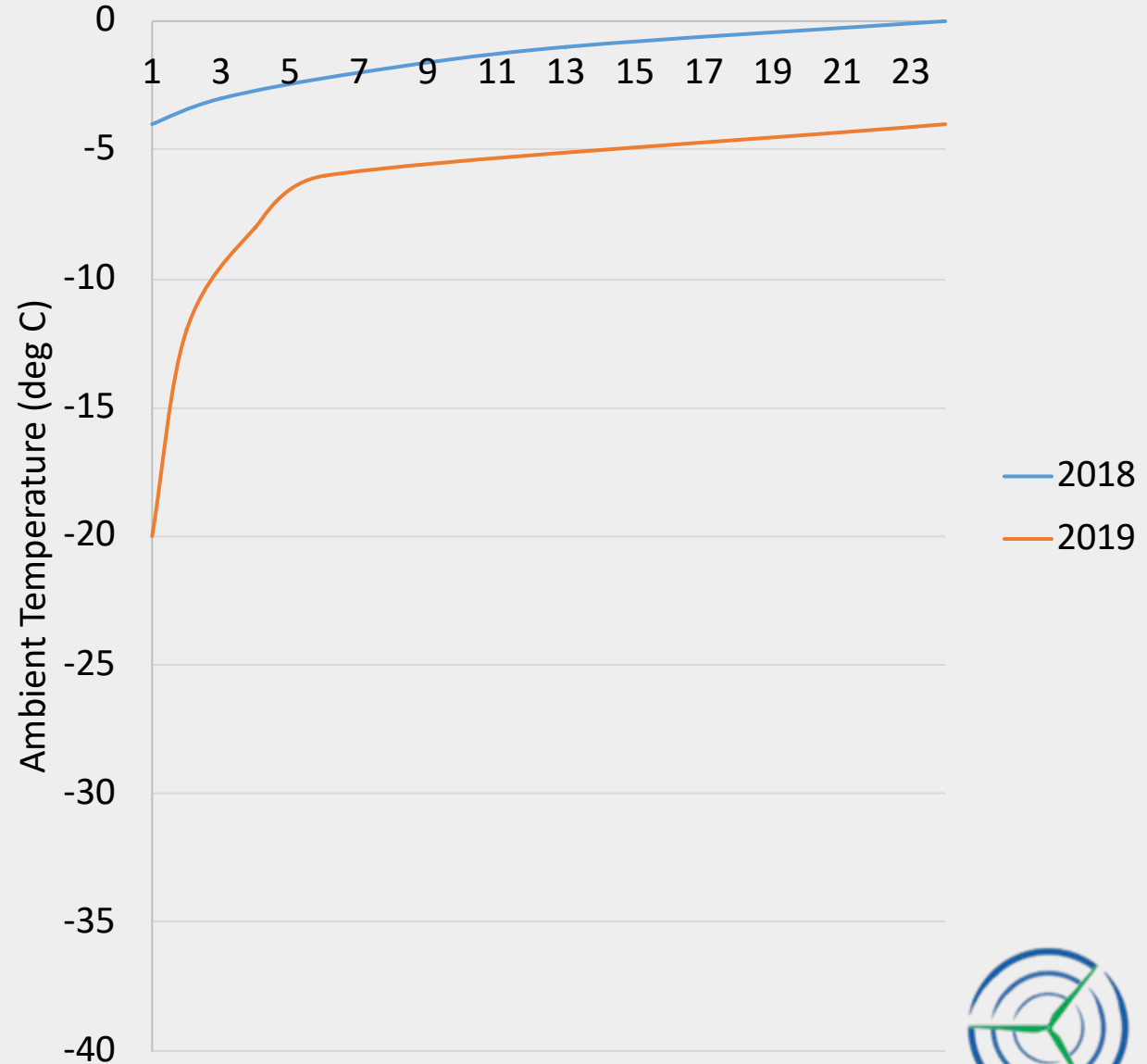
Wind Speed (m/s)



— 2018
— 2019

Anti-icing Ability

Wind Speed (m/s)



— 2018
— 2019



Summary

Borealis Ice Protection System:

9-day installation time

2018: Reclaimed 50% production loss with V1 of the system

2019: Improved anti-icing ability, Automated control system

6 new installs in 2019 in Canada

Borealis Wind is seeking:

- interested customers outside of Canada to help validate the system in other icing climates
- manufacturing and installation partners outside of Canada

Note: For installs in 2020 order by end of March

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