



Improvements to WRF microphysics

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Kjeller Vindteknikk

Owned by: Norconsult

- High expertise within meteorology, measurements and wind energy
- Established 1998
- 32 employees
- Turnover 2018: ~6.5 M EUR
- Offices: Lillestrøm, Stockholm, Espoo
- Main markets: Norway, Sweden and Finland





Wind energy

Power lines



Bridges









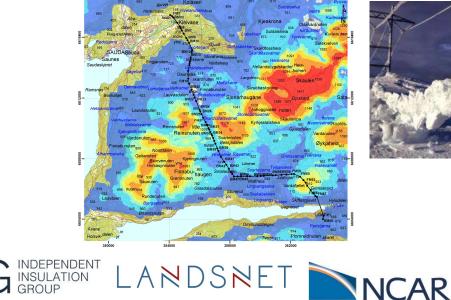
- H1 Measuring stations and instrumentation
- H2 Surveilance system
- H3 Ice modeling for current and future climate

• EFLA

• H4 – Icing maps

KJELLER

- H5 Anti-icing techniques
- H6 De-icing techniques





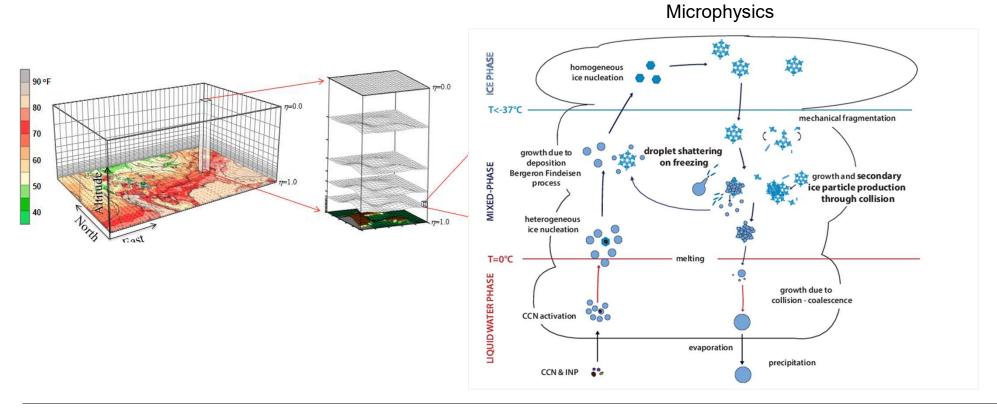
https://www.statnett.no/en/about-statnett/research-and-development/our-prioritised-projects/icebox/

°CICERO Center for International



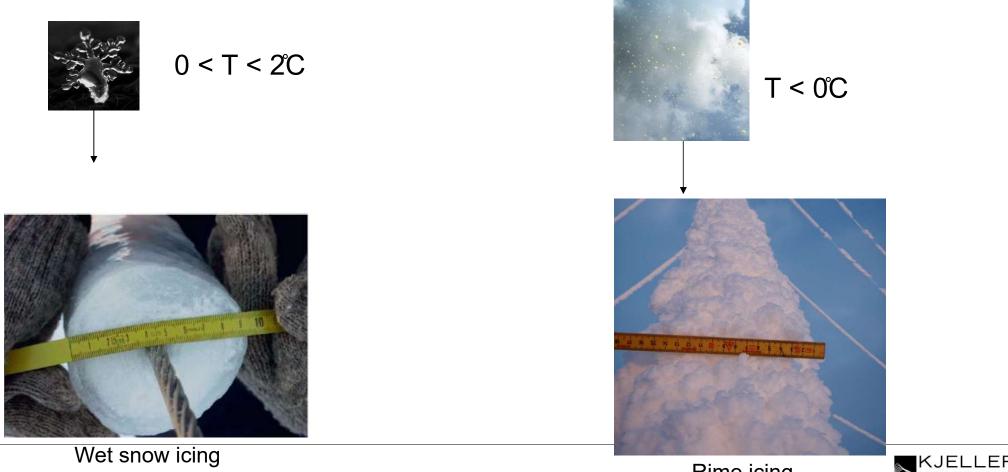
UIT / NORGES ARKTISKI

WRF is a numerical weather prediction model



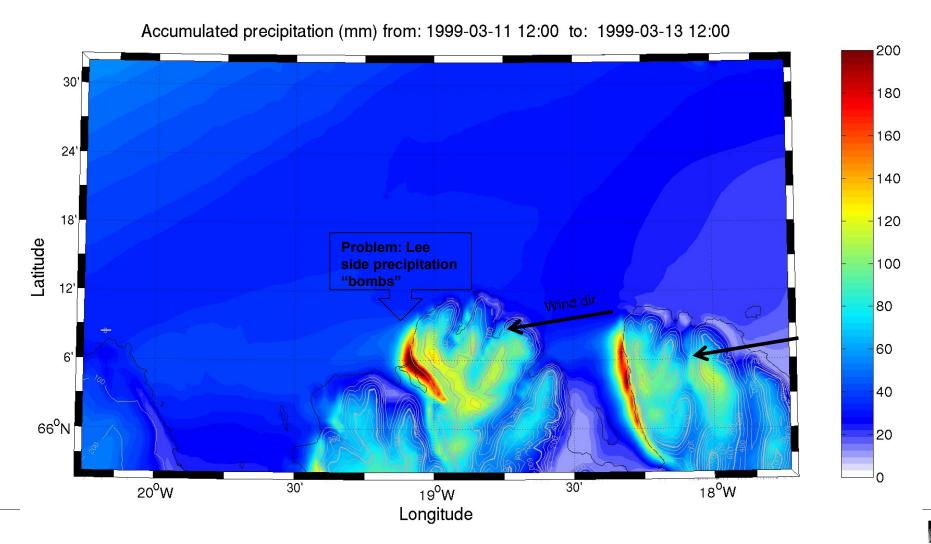


Microphysics important for icing prediction!



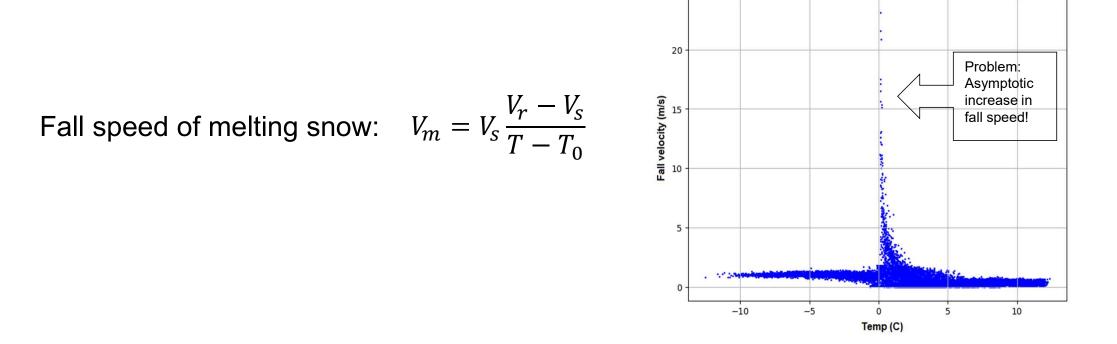
Rime icing

WRF run





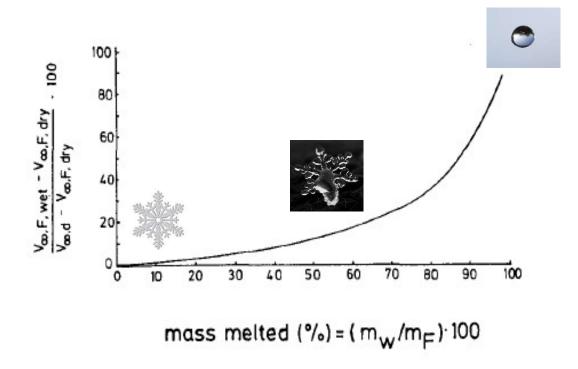
Bug in fall speed expression in the microphysics!





Wet snow fall speed is a function of its melted fraction

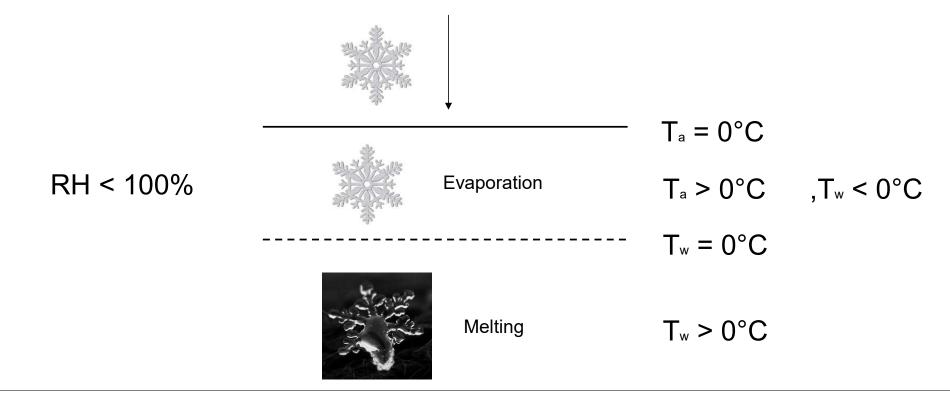
Mitra et al. (1990) (wind tunnel study)





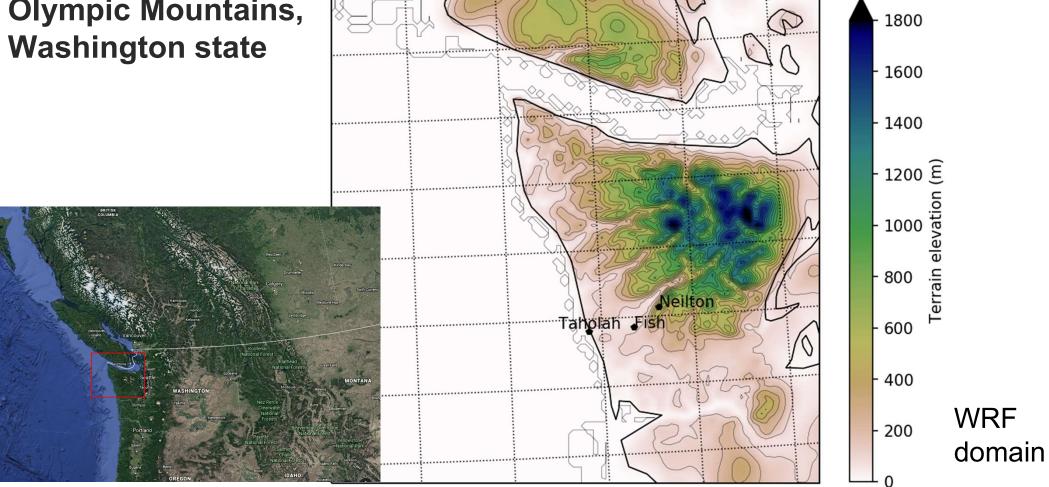
Before: Melting level: $T_a > 0 ^{\circ} C$

But, the use of Tw is better for determining melting level:





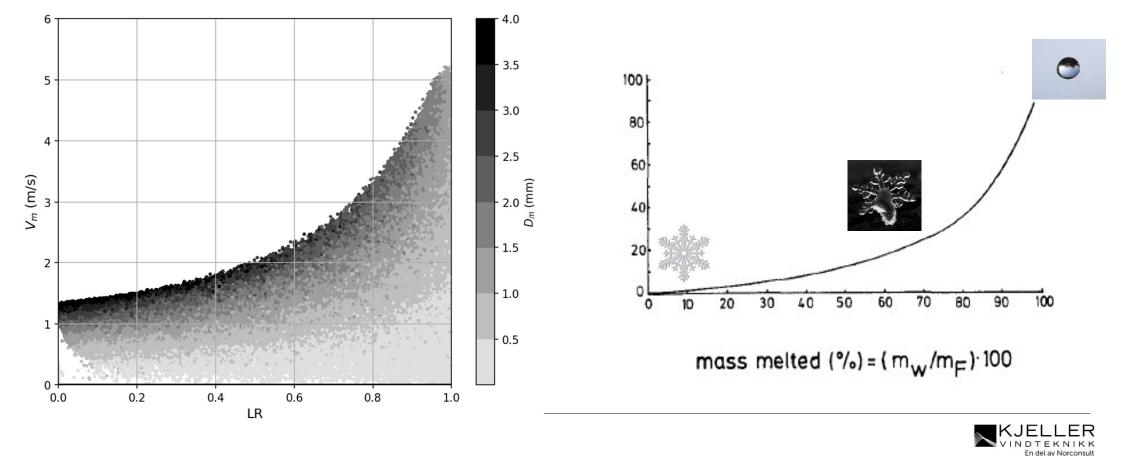
Olympic Mountains,

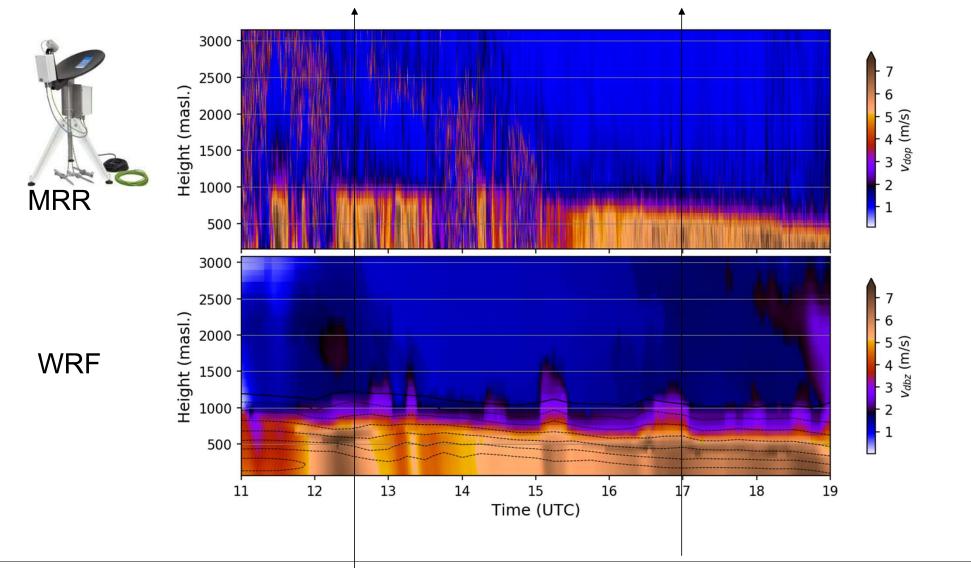




Model output

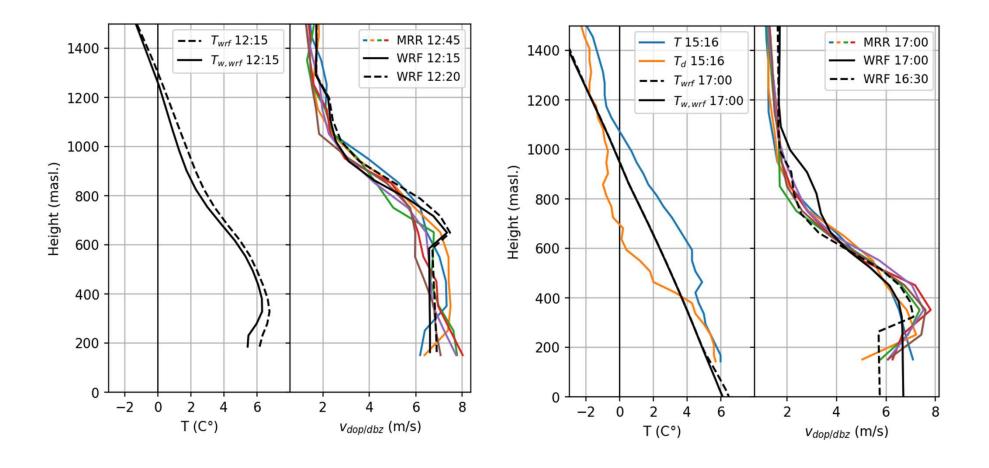
Observations







Very good match of fall velocity profiles!

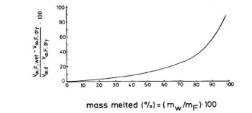




Summary:

• Improved melting level def. (Tw) \rightarrow

Improved melting snow fall speed



• Improved wet snow icing prediction (hopefully)





Are wind turbines affected by wet snow icing?







Thank you!

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