

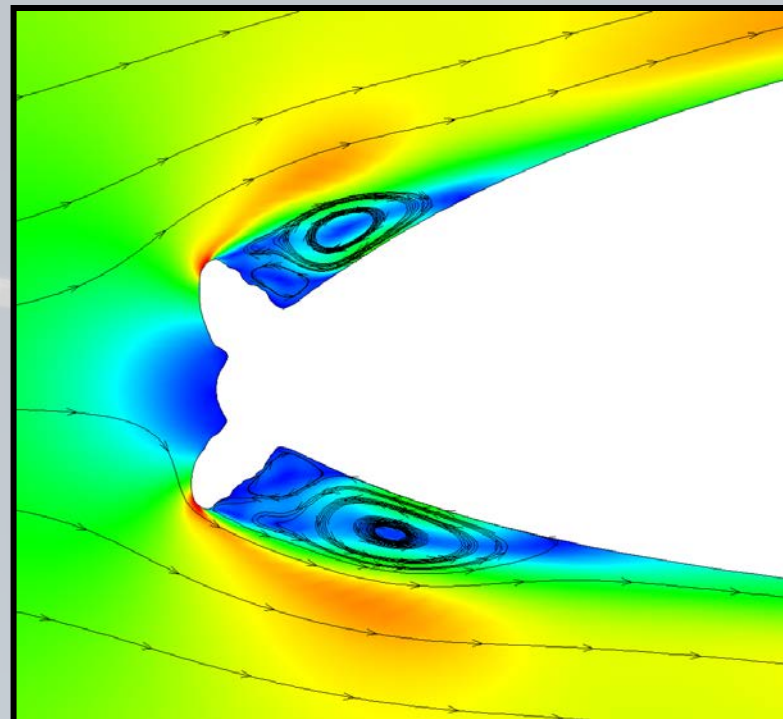
# Simulation and Validation of the Aerodynamic Performance of Iced Wind Turbine Airfoils

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# Introduction

Ice accumulates on the leading-edge of the airfoil and may cause severe flow separation.



# Simulation

Numerical methods are used to:

- Predict ice shapes
- Estimate performance losses
- Assess additional loads
- Design anti- & de-icing systems



# Numeric Methods

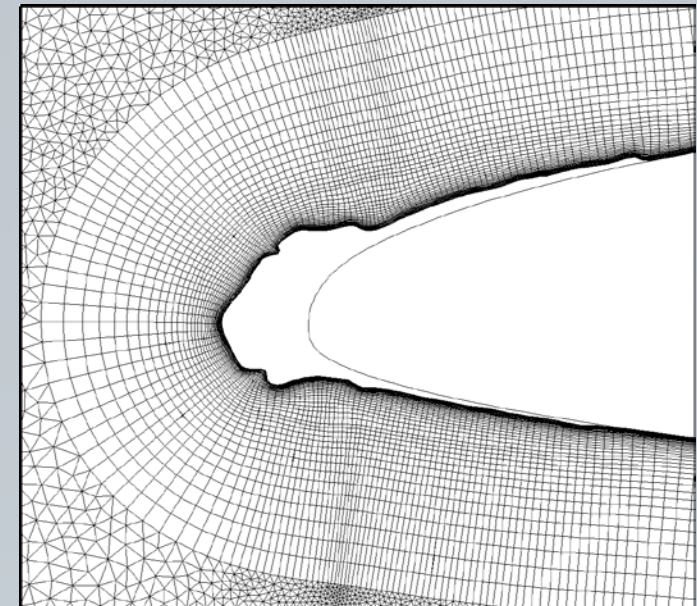
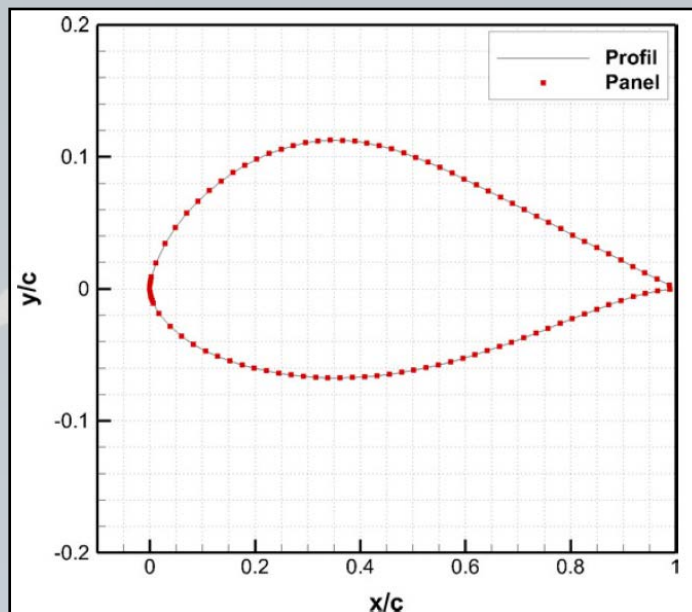
## Panel method

- Fast & efficient
- Simple geometries
- e.g. Xfoil

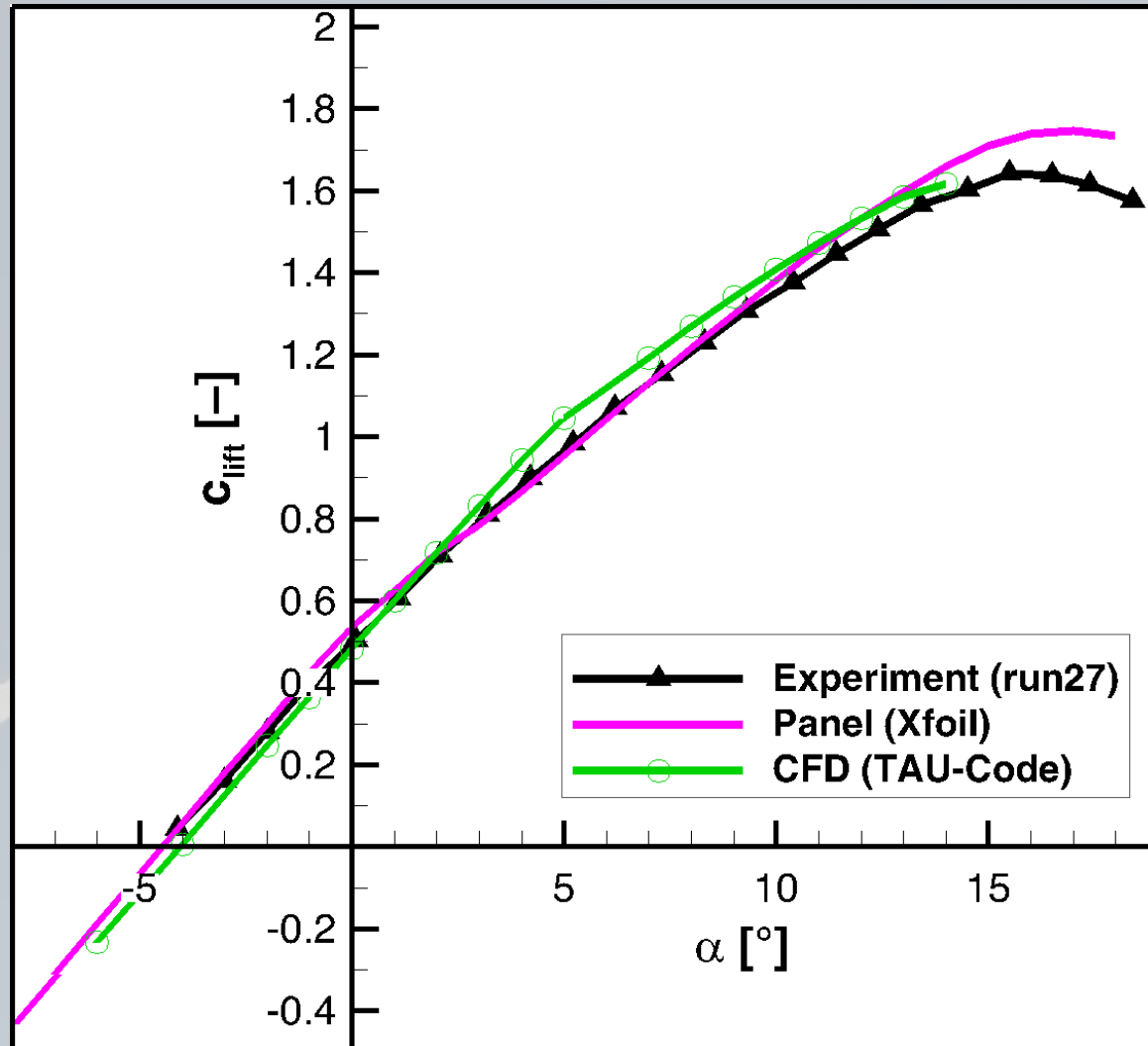
VS

## CFD

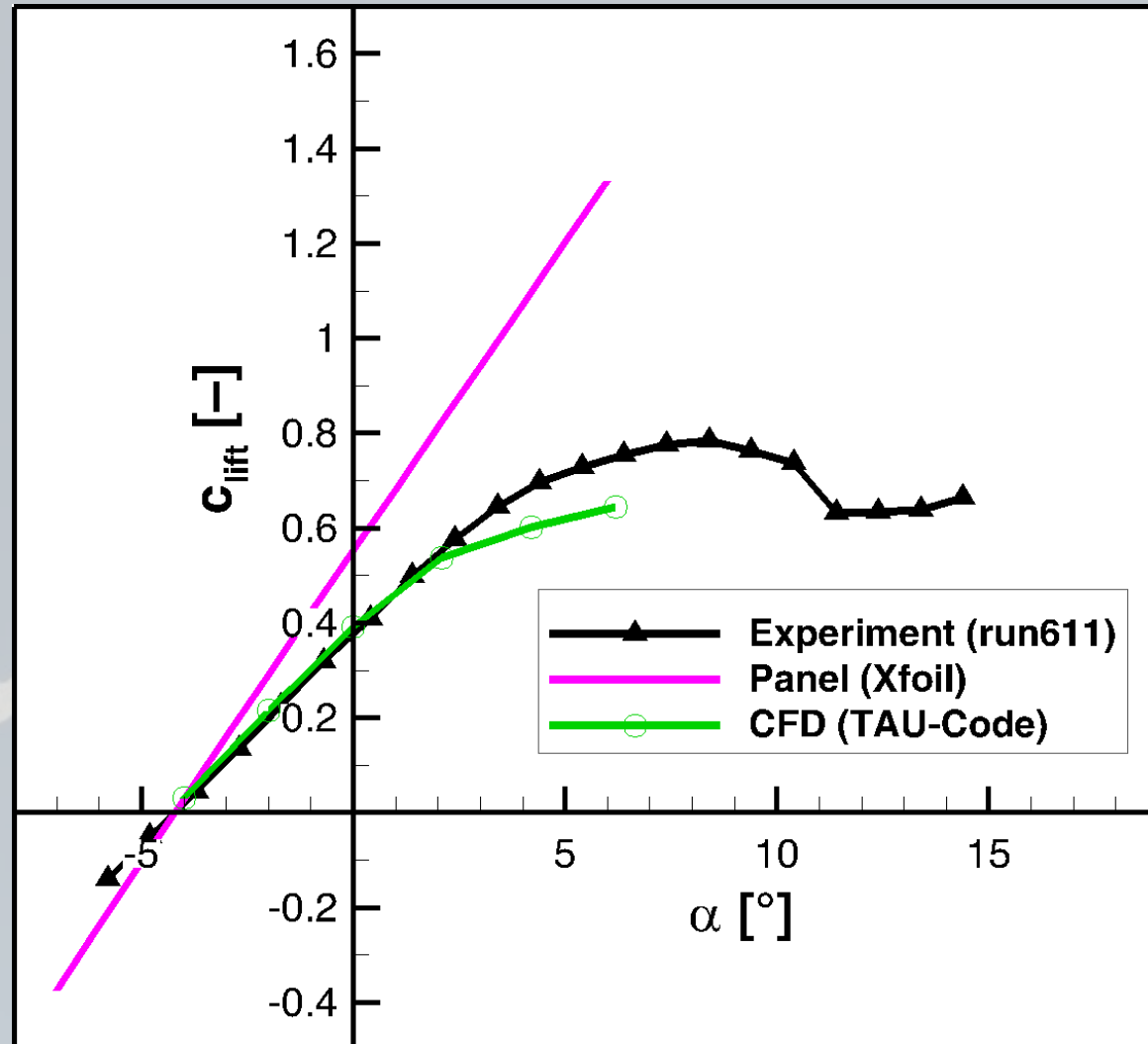
- Slow & expensive
- Complex geometries
- e.g. TAU-Code (DLR)



# Simulation Clean Airfoil



# Simulation Iced Airfoil



# Summary

- Panel methods are widely used for icing simulation
- In the iced state panel methods fail to capture the airflow correctly
- Higher order RANS-solvers are needed for more realistic results
- However this comes at higher computational costs and higher complexity



# References

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- H.E. Jr. Addy: *Ice Accretions and Icing Effects for Modern Airfoils*. National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), 2000.