



Forecasting of Atmospheric Icing Validation and Applications within Wind Energy

Leon Lee

Winterwind 2019 Umeå, February 5-6, 2019

What's your personal opinion on weather forecasts?



weather forecasts are

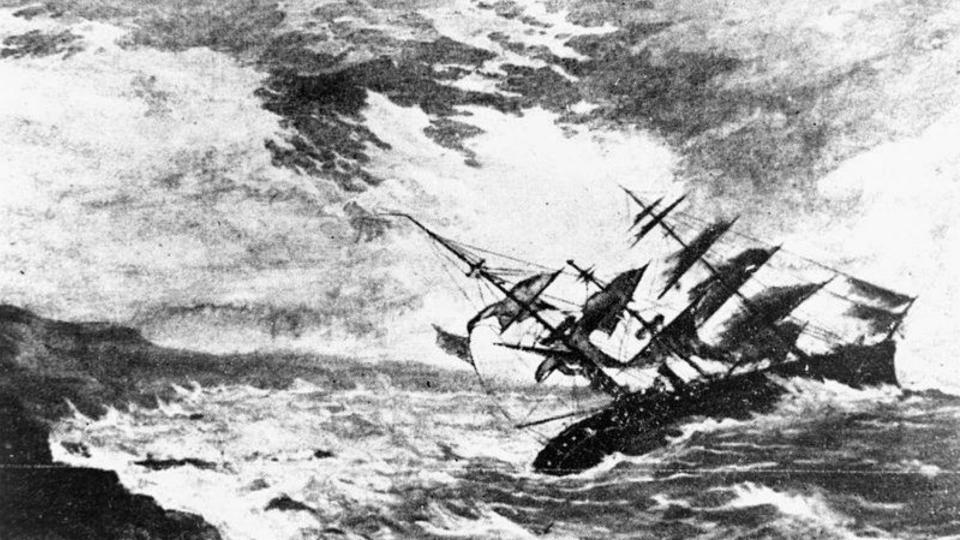
weather forecasts are **for wimps** weather forecasts are **more accurate today than in the past due to** weather forecasts are **always wrong** weather forecasts are **inaccurate** weather forecasts are **the most accurate** weather forecasts are **wrong** weather forecasts are **useless** weather forecasts are **important**

Sök på Google

Jag har tur

J







Vestas.

Figure 19: Damaged stairs from an ice fall

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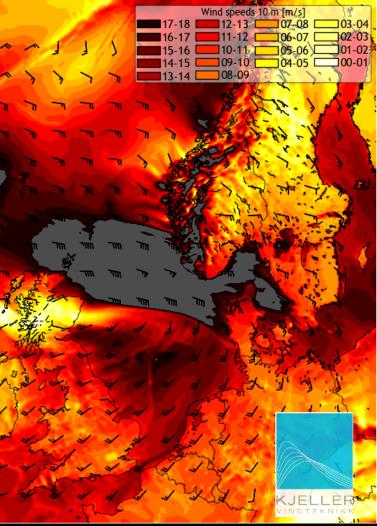
Ålvikfjellet, 420 kV Sima-Samnanger, January 2014 Photo: Ole Gustav Berge Statnett

Forecasting of icing - motivation

Important to know: WHEN will icing occur?

- Power trading
- Blade heating systems:
 - Start the heating before icing starts
 - Avoid unnecessary stops during heating
- Risks of ice throw / ice fall
 - Planning of maintenance
 - Public safety
- Monitoring of exposed power lines
 - Avoid damages

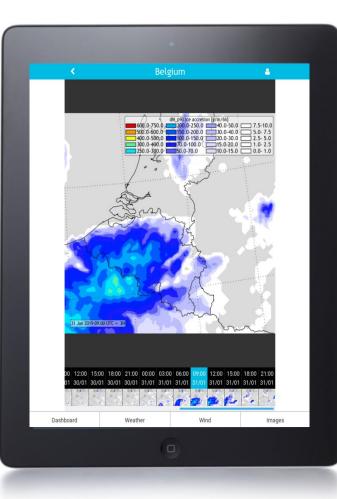




Approach by Kjeller Vindteknikk

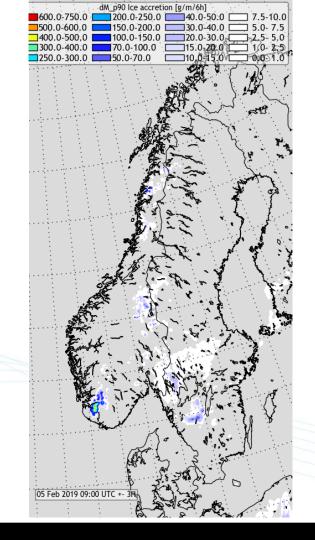


- Explain meteorological processes of icing
- Mesoscale model simulations
- Dynamic modeling
 - Wind, Temperature, Solar radiation, Moisture, Clouds, Precipitation etc.
- Icing exposure and sheltering
- Calculations in the time domain

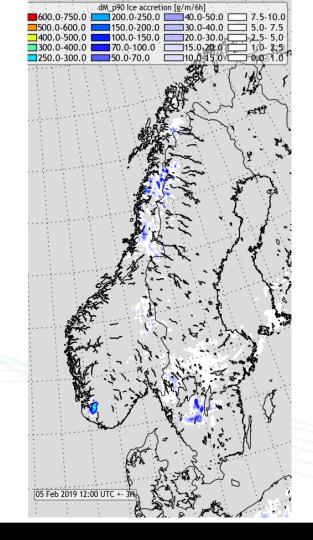




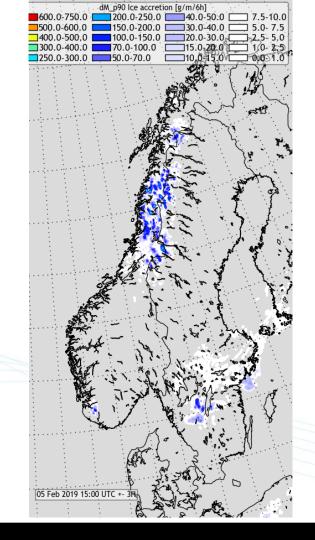
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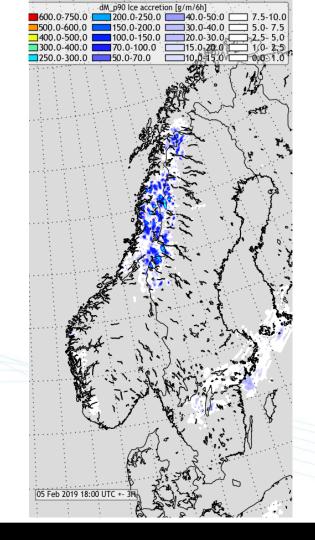




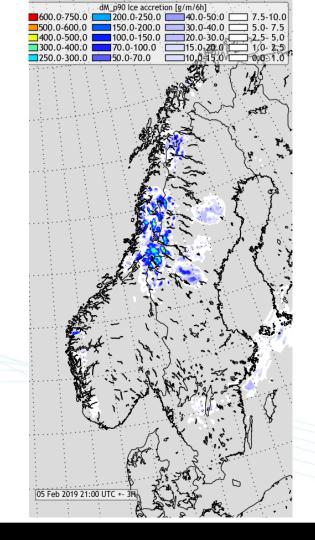




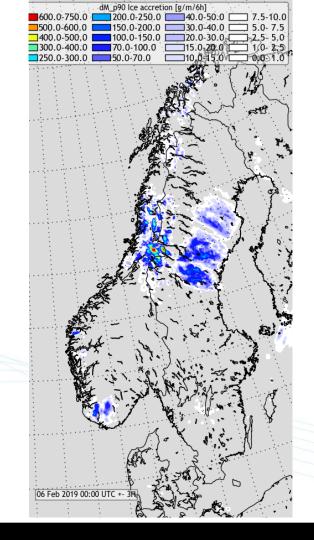




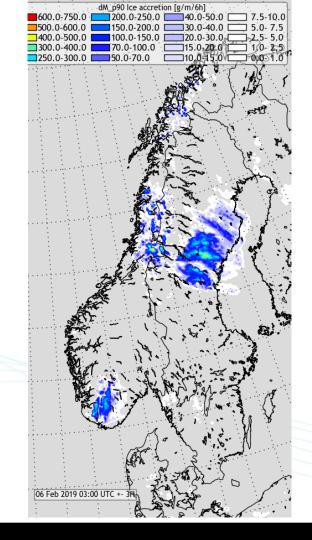




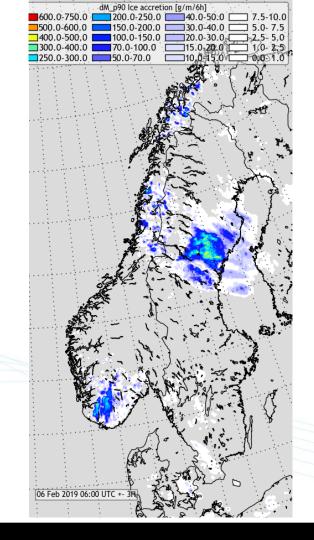




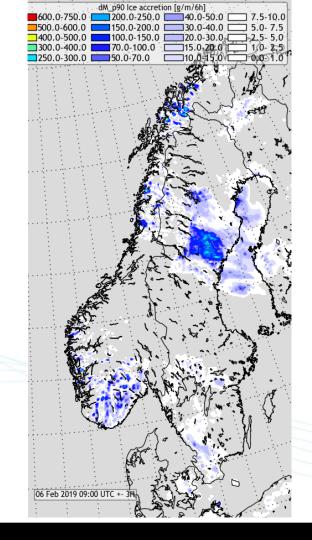








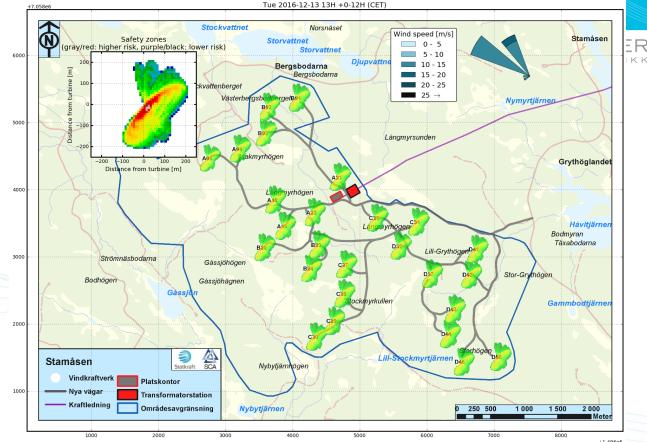






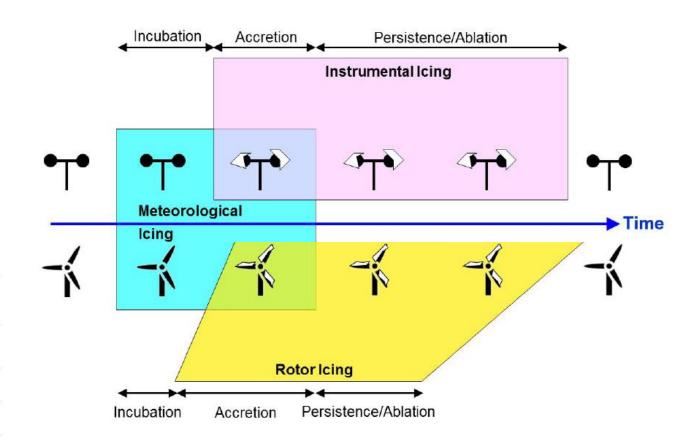
Application of icing forecasts

Forecasting of ice throw zones



YEARS

Forecast validation



From IEA Wind task 19 - Wind energy in cold climates Recommended Practices February 2017

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IceLoss 2.0

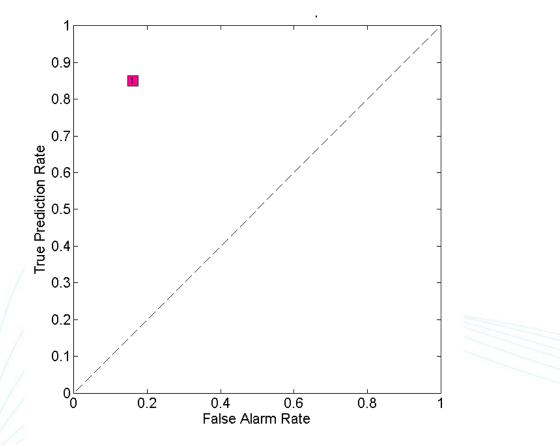
- Two-year research project
- Partly funded by the Swedish Energy Agency
- The next generation state-of-the-art model to give long-term estimates on icing losses
- SCADA data from wind farms

- 21 wind farms
- 384 turbines
- 5 years per turbine (average)
- Sweden and Finland

		SCADA	
		lce	No ice
Forecast	lce	а	b
	No ice	С	d

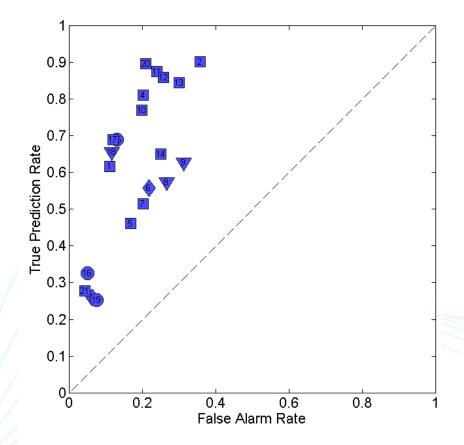
True prediction rate: a/(a+c)

False alarm rate: b/(b+d)





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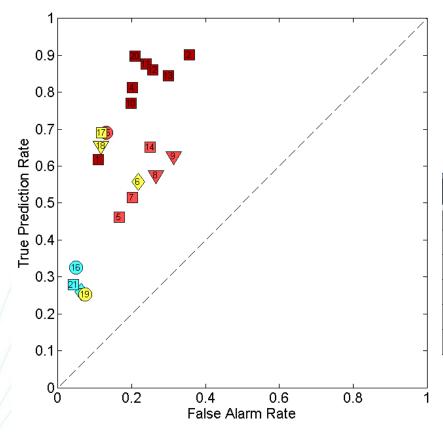
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IEA Icing Classification

IEA Ice class	Meteorological icing	Instrumental icing	Icing loss
	% of year	% of year	% of gross annual production
5	>10	>20	> 20
4	5-10	10-30	10-25
3	3-5	6-15	3-12
2	0.5-3	1-9	0.5-5
1	0-0.5	<1.5	0 - 0.5



From IEA Wind task 19 - Wind energy in cold climates Recommended Practices February 2017





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Summary



- lcing forecasts for 21 sites has been compared to data on turbine icing
- The forecasts for wind farms at high icing classes show the highest skill
 - Tuning of forecasts for the individual wind farm will improve skill. No such tuning have been carried out for this validation.

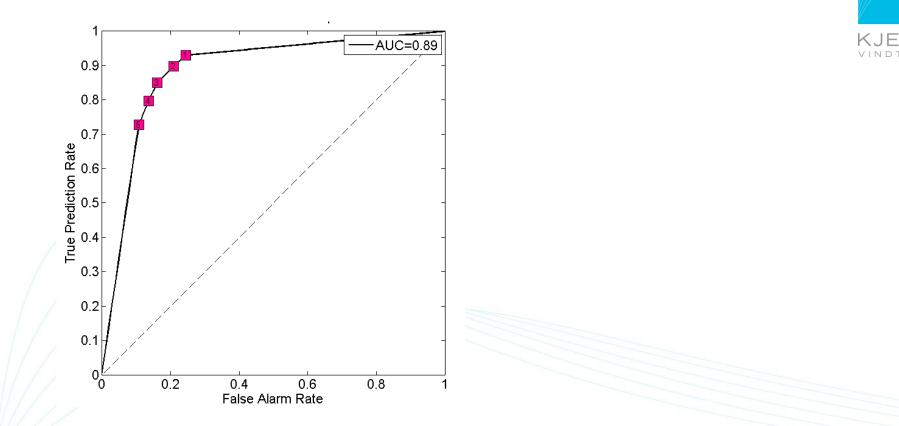
Thank you for your attention

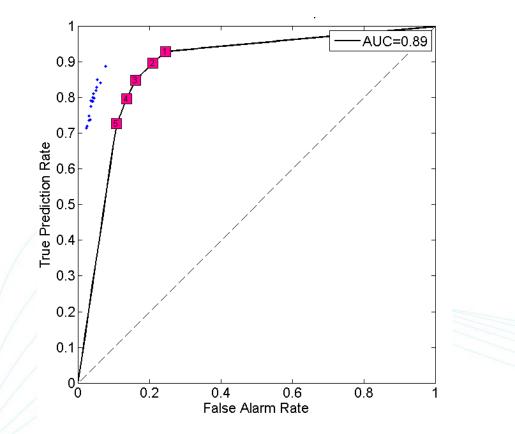
Leon Lee leon.lee@vindteknikk.com



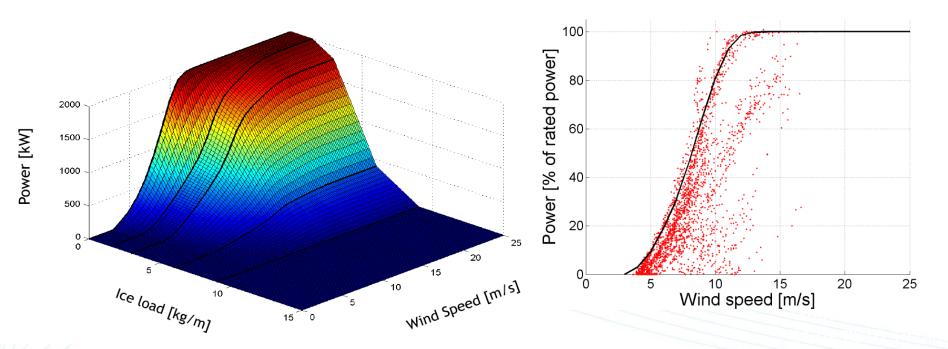


EXTRA MATERIAL









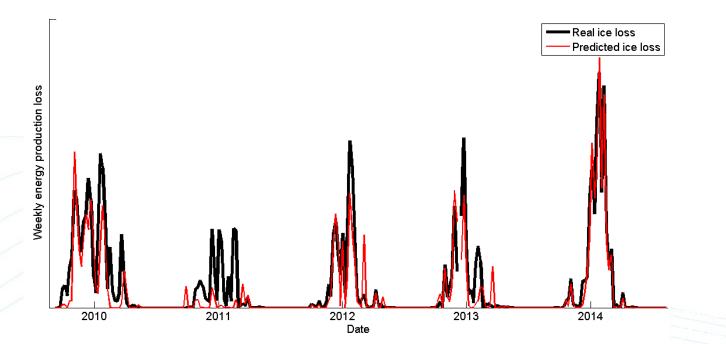
IceLoss



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IceLoss

• Modelled vs. Observed icing losses





IceLoss

- Modelled vs. Observed
- So, what to expect?

