Towards the improvement of icing forecasts using the HARMONIE-AROME model



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WISLINE – Wind, Ice, and Snow Loads Impact on Infrastructure and the Natural Environment

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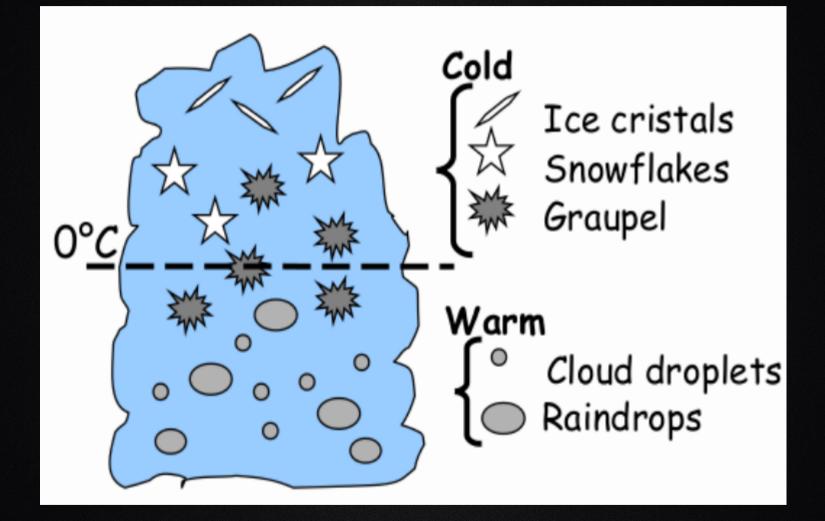


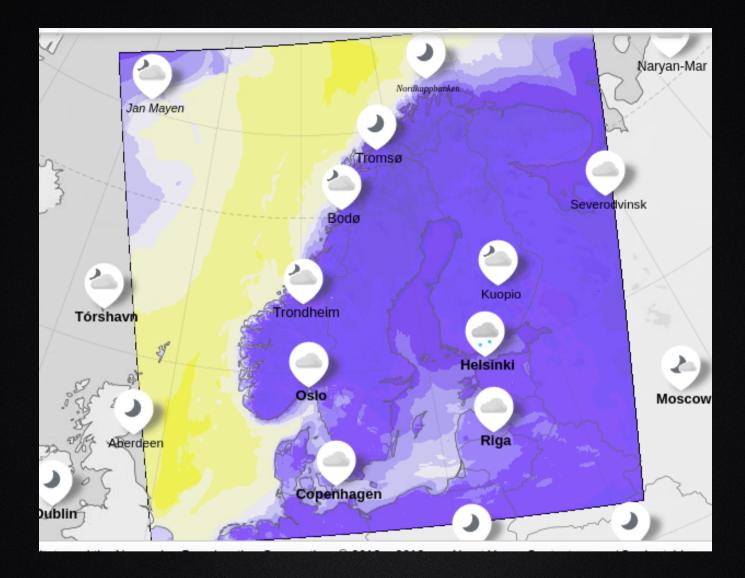




How to represent supercooled liquid in a weather model?







The HARMONIE-AROME model Operational model at MET-Norway and SMHI 2.5km grid distanceDeveloped at Meteo-France andwithin the Hirlam-aladin consortia

1D column version of HARMONIE-AROME, called MUSC

Quick testing

Idealized experiments

Isolate the processes

Feed the model with an initial vertical profile

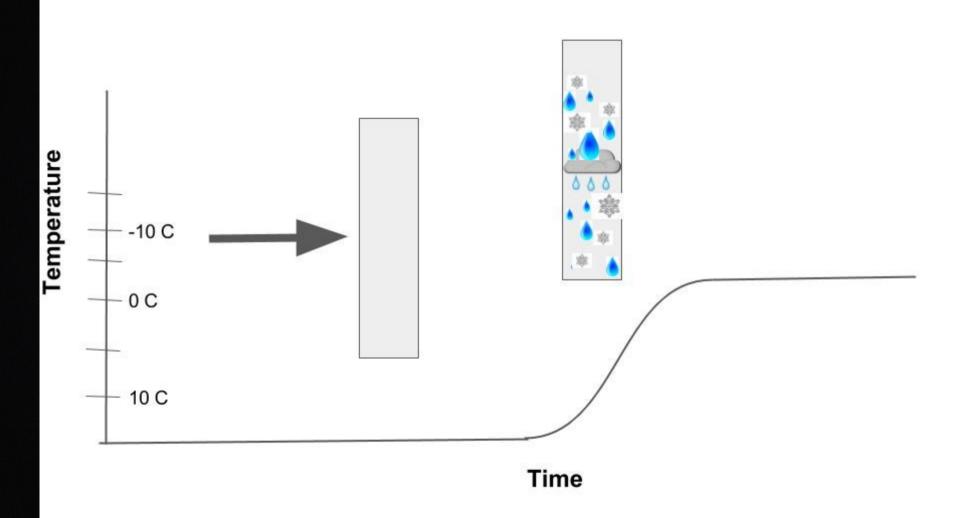
Vary the vertical velocity forcing

Turn on and of processes

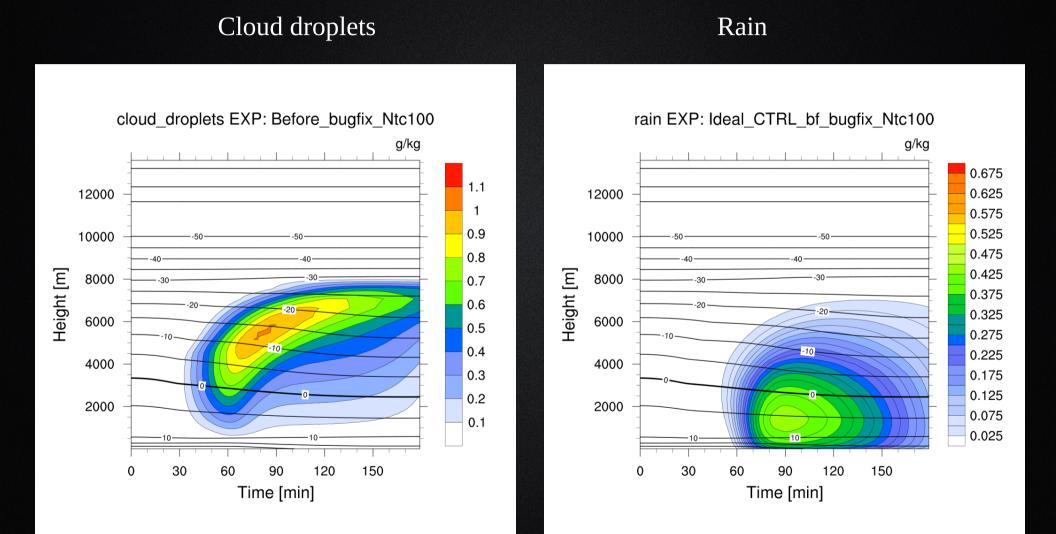
Make your own cloud!



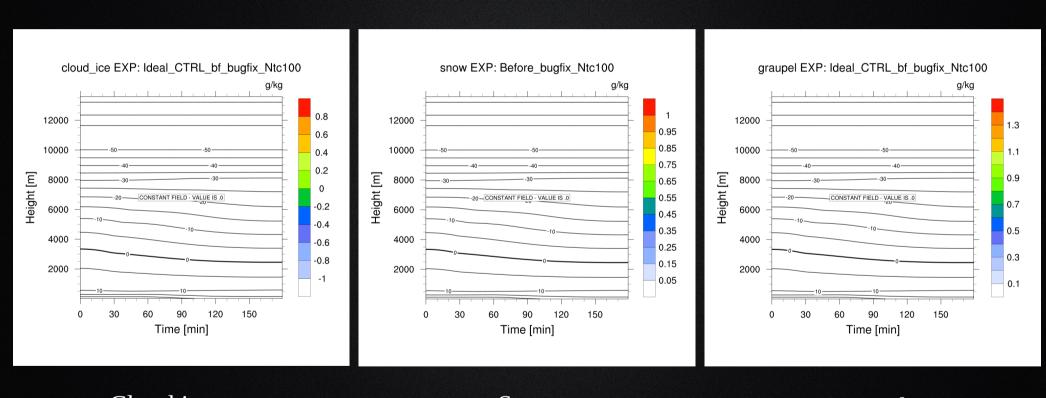
Idealized experiment



First results: liquid water



First results: ice

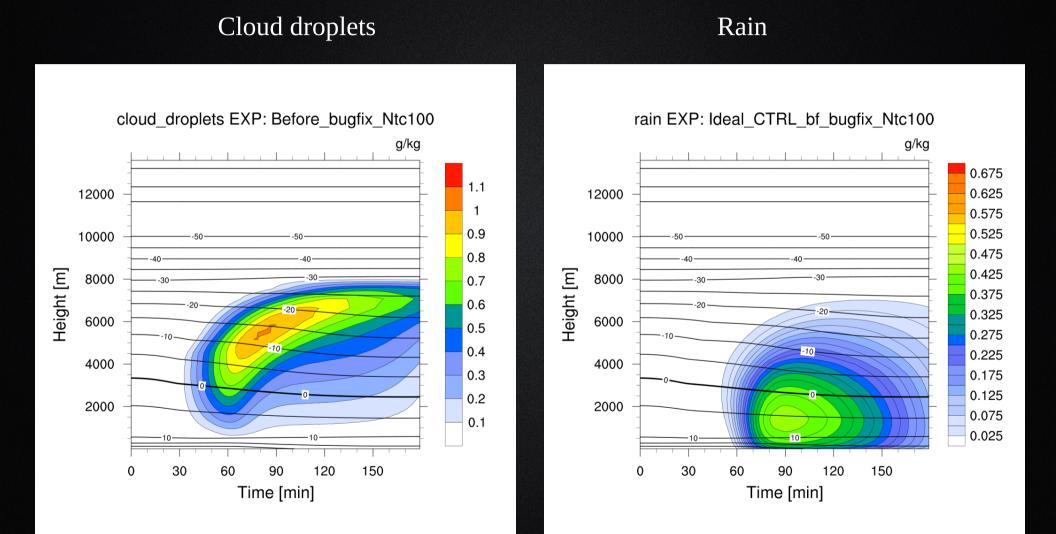


Cloud ice

Snow

Graupel

First results: liquid water



Cloud droplets

After bugfix

1

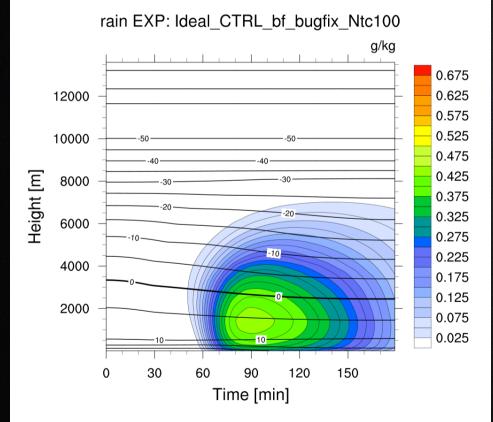
Before bugfix

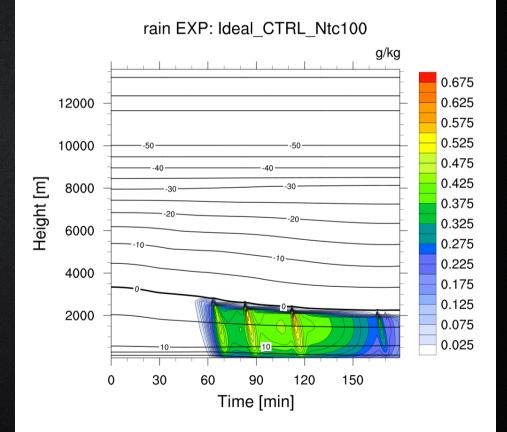
Cloud droplets in CTRL cloud droplets EXP: Before bugfix Ntc100 g/kg g/kg 1.1 1.1 12000 12000 1 0.9 0.9 10000 10000 0.8 0.8 -40--40--40 -40-Height [m] Height [m] 8000 8000 -30 0.7 -30-0.7 -30 -30 0.6 0.6 -20 -20 -20 6000 6000 0.5 0.5 -10 0.4 0.4 4000 4000 0.3 0.3 0 0.2 0.2 2000 2000 0.1 0.1 30 60 90 120 150 30 60 90 120 150 0 0 Time [min] Time [min]

Rain

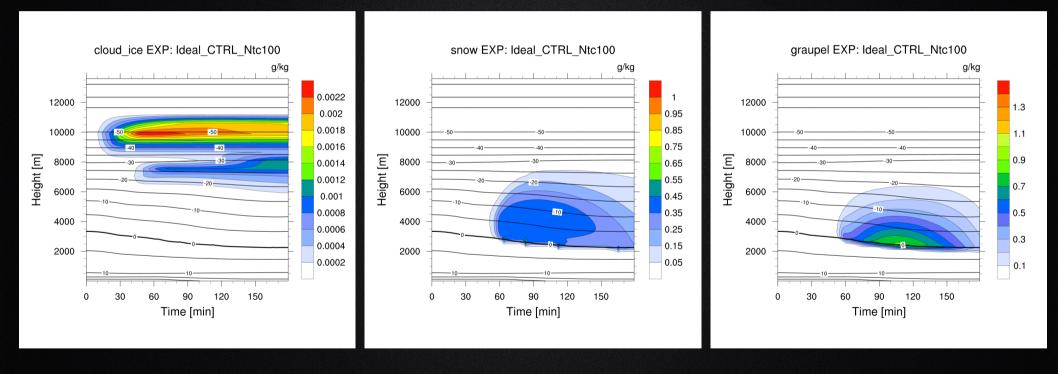
Before bugfix

After bugfix





After bugfix: Ice



Cloud ice





Changes

Process:

Effect:

Autoconversion

Rain initiation

Ice nucleation

Triggers the cold processes

Snow/Graupel collecting cloud droplets

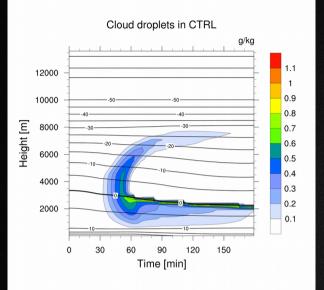
Depletes cloud water

Rain and Snow collision

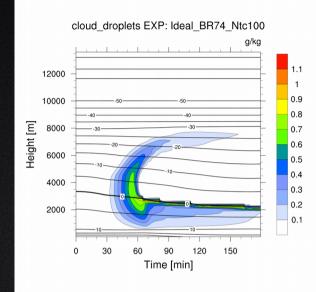
Favors graupel

Cloud droplets

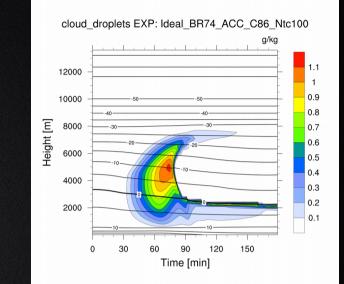
CTRL



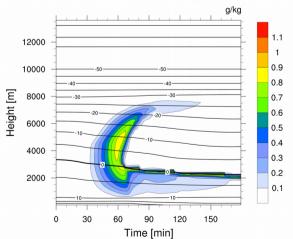
Autoconversion

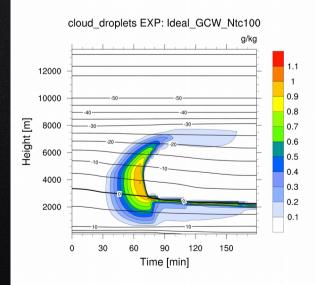


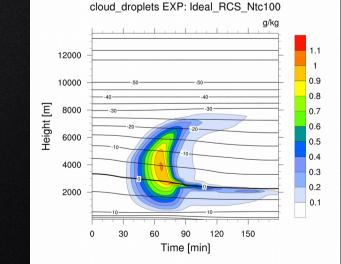
Ice initiation



cloud_droplets EXP: Ideal_Bigg_Ntc100







Graupel col. cloud water

Rain and snow collision

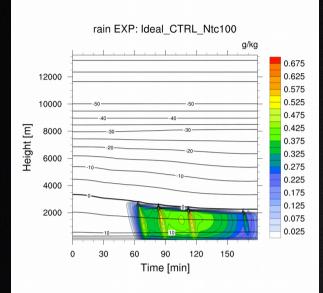
Immersion freezing

Rain

CTRL

Autoconversion

Ice initiation



rain EXP: Ideal_Bigg_Ntc100

.40-

-30

12000

10000

8000

6000

4000

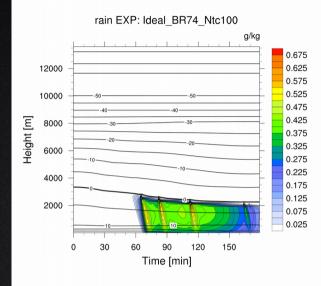
2000

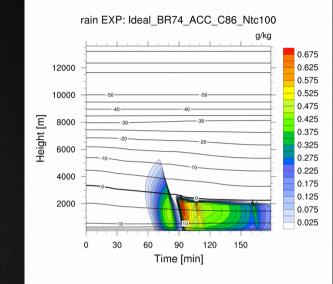
0

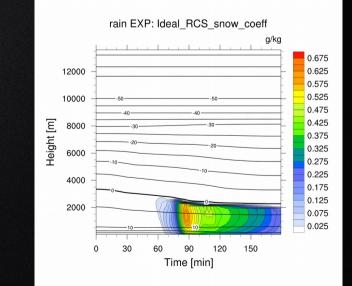
Height [m]

-40-

30







90 120 150 Time [min]

g/kg

0.675

0.625

0.575

0.525

0.475

0.425

0.375

0.325

0.275

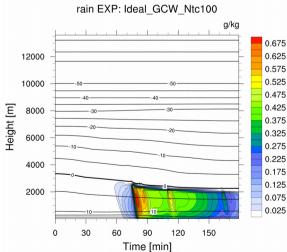
0.225

0.175

0.125

0.075

0.025



Graupel col. cloud water

Rain and snow collision

Immersion freezing

60

Cloud ice

Ice initiation

0.0048

0.0044

0.004

0.0036

0.0032

0.0028

0.0024

0.002

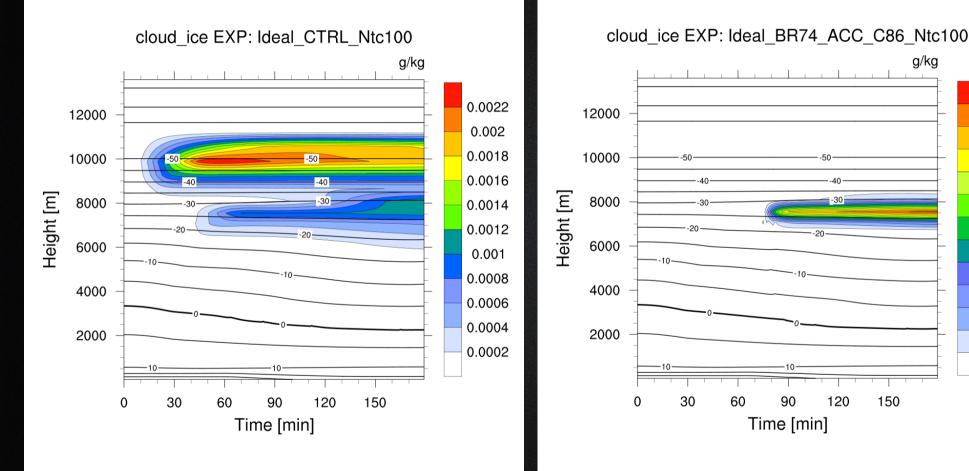
0.0016

0.0012

0.0008

0.0004

CTRL



Snow

CTRL



snow EXP: Ideal_BR74_Ntc100

-20

12000

10000

8000

g/kg

Ice initiation

1

0.95 0.85

0.75

0.65

0.55

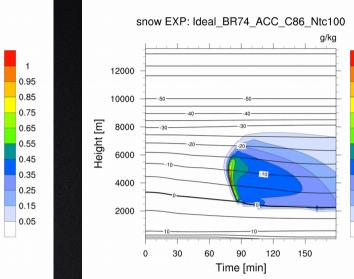
0.45

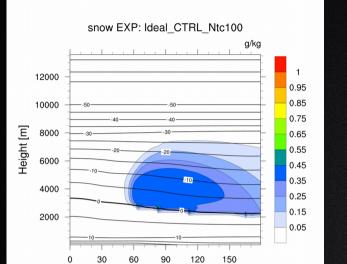
0.35

0.25

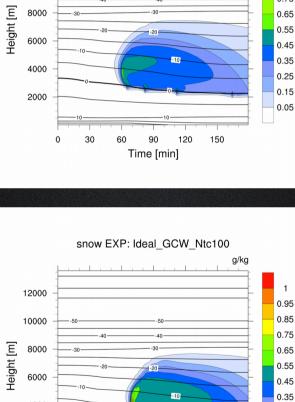
0.15

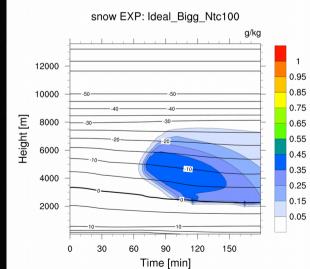
0.05



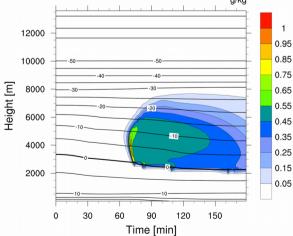


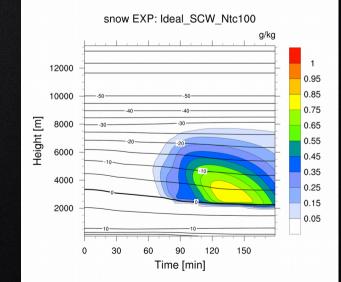
Time [min]





Immersion freezing





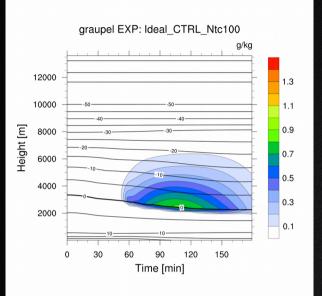
Graupel col. cloud water

Rain and snow collision

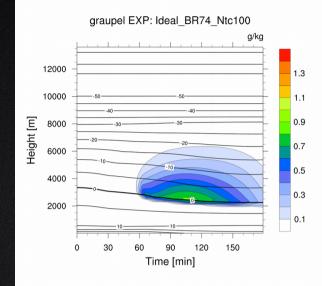
Graupel

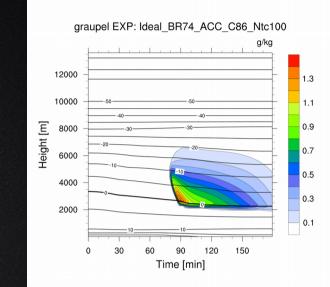
Autoconversion

Ice initiation

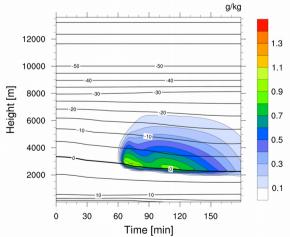


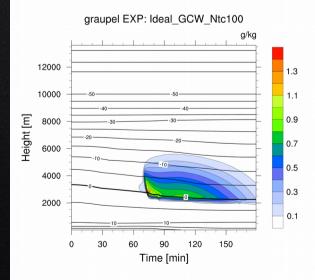
CTRL

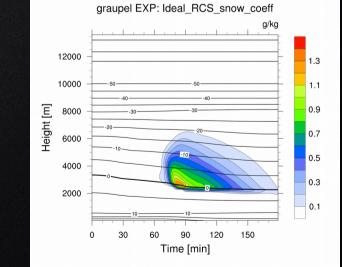




graupel EXP: Ideal_Bigg_Ntc100







Graupel col. cloud water

Rain and snow collision

Immersion freezing

Summary

Supercooled liquid drops are important for icing

Difficult for the weather models

Initiation of cloud ice acts like a trigger

Collision-collection processes determine the rate of loss for supercooled liquid water

Future work

More idealized cases

- Freezing drizzle/rain case (Jan 15 Oslo)
- Summer case (convection)

Real 3D cases

Validate against both specialized and conventional observations

Get it into operation

Thank you for your attention!



