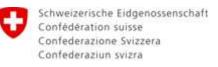
Wind turbine blade heating – does it pay?

René Cattin, Meteotest, Switzerland

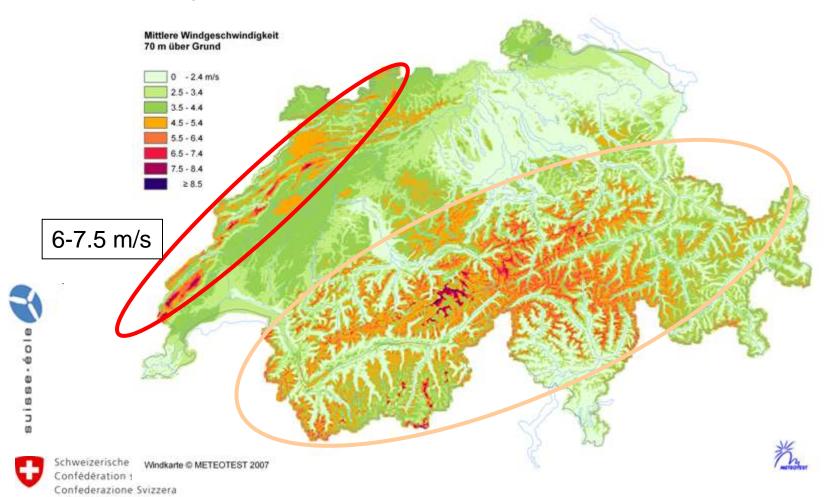








Wind map of Switzerland





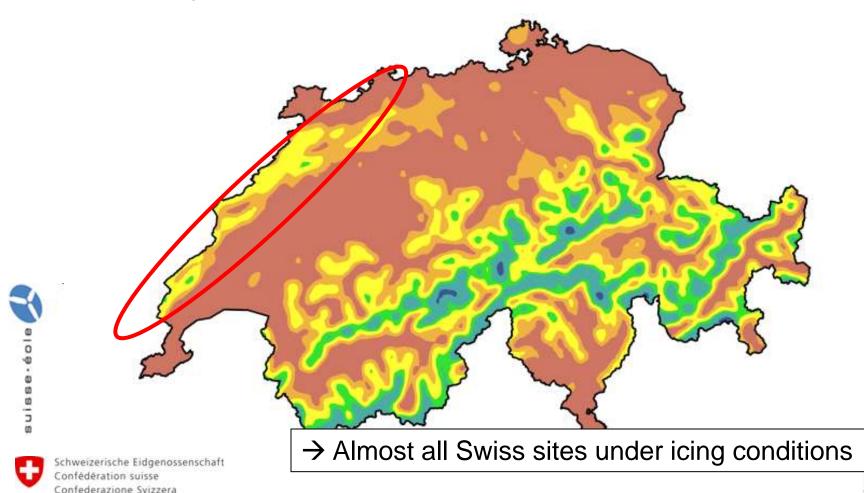
Confederaziun svizra

Wind map of Switzerland

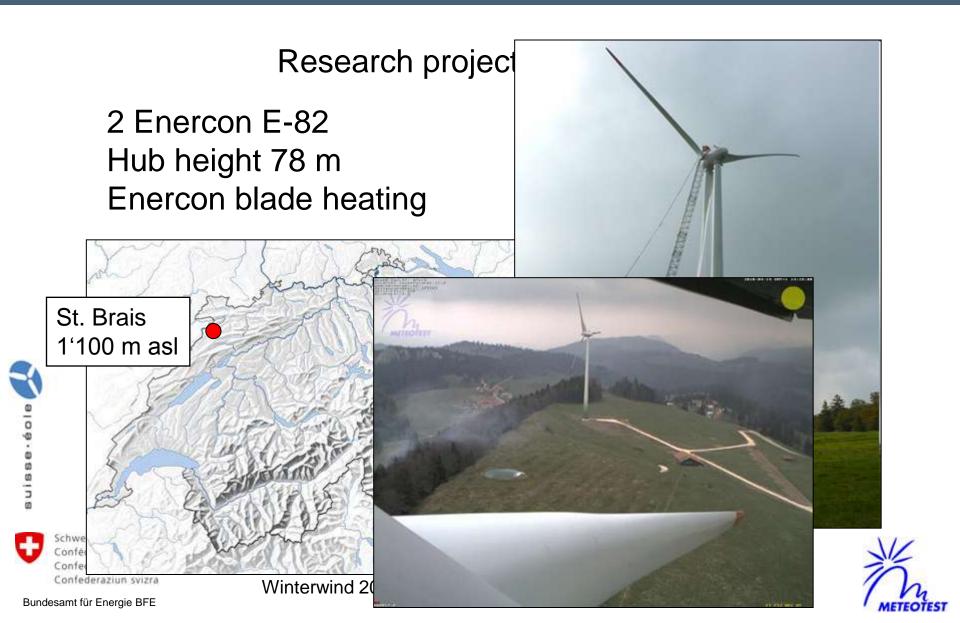
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Icing map of Switzerland



Winterwind 2011, Umea, Sweden - February 10, 2011



Icing Project St. Brais (2009 to 2011)

- 1) Monitoring of a 2-MW-wind turbine in the Jura arc (2/3 of the planned Swiss wind parks) concerning **icing**, **turbulence and wind shear**
- Evaluation and validation of different systems for ice detection and de-icing
- 3) Evaluation of the **production loss** due to icing and of the **gained energy** based on use of ice detection and de-icing systems
- 4) Evaluation of the additional loads caused by icing
- 5) Evaluation of the **noise emissions** of a wind turbine under icing



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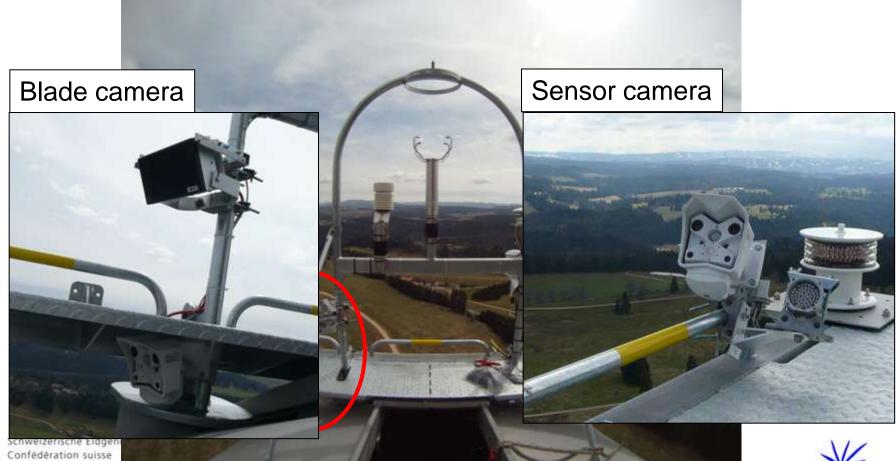
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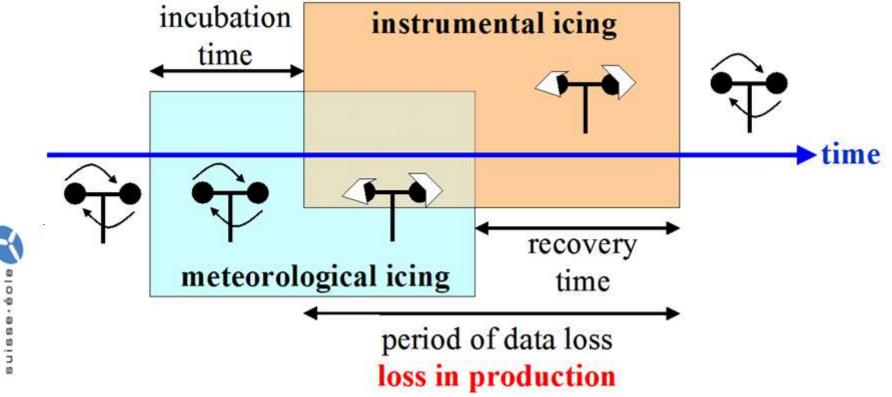


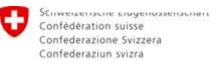
Instrumentation



Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizra

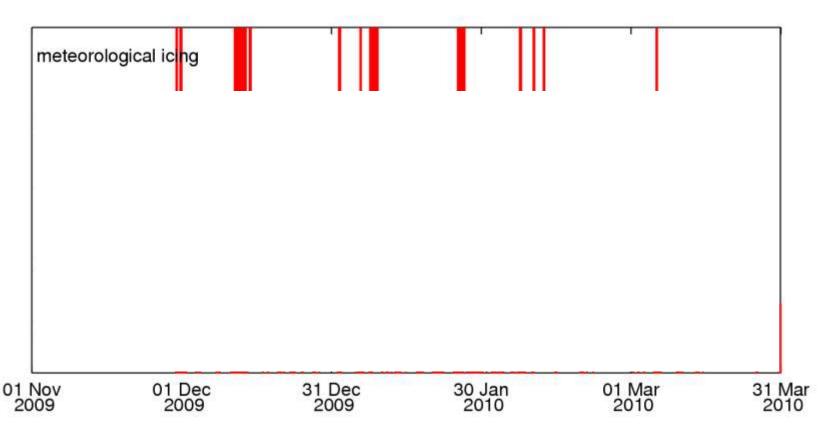
Analysis of meteorological and instrumental icing

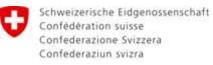






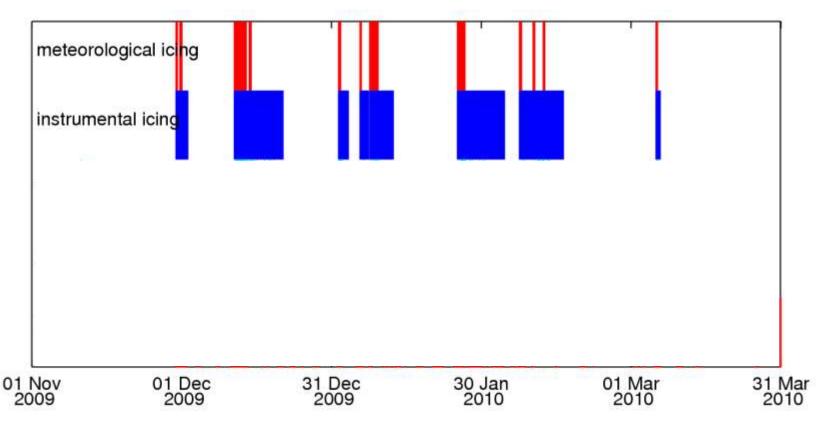
Analysis of camera images

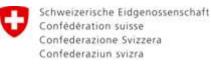






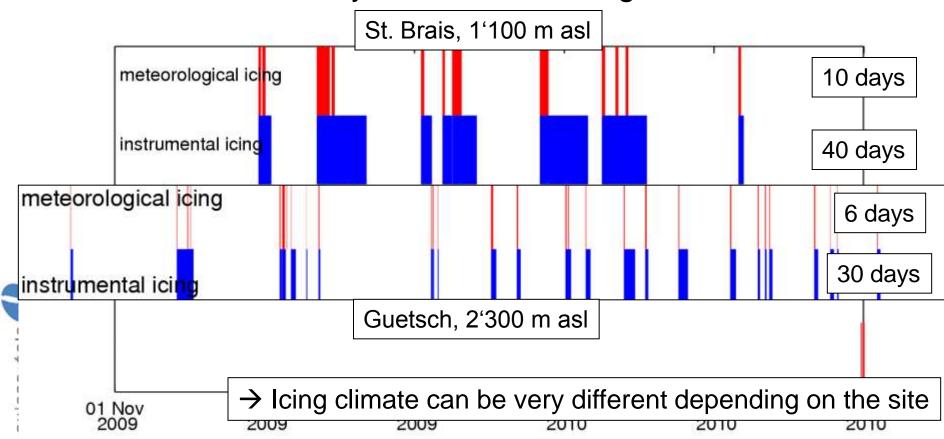
Analysis of camera images

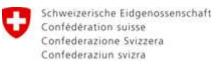






Analysis of camera images







When was blade heating active?

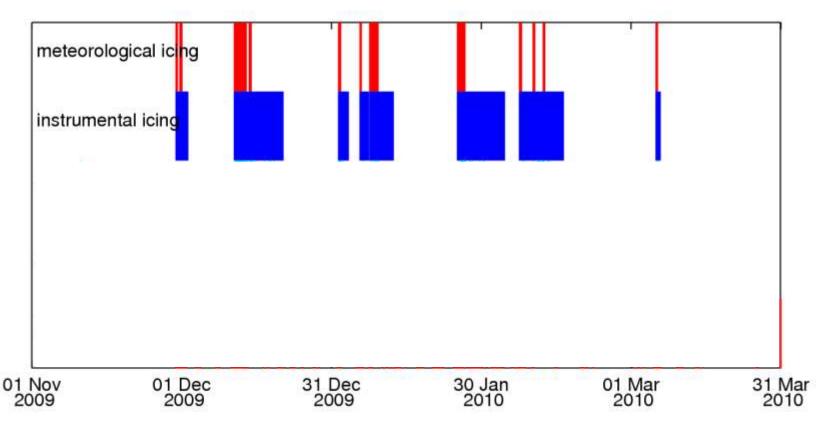
Operation of Blade heating in winter 2009/10:

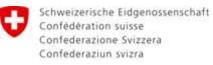
- > turbine is **stopped** when icing is detected
- → blades are heated for 3 h
- → turbine is **automatically restarted**





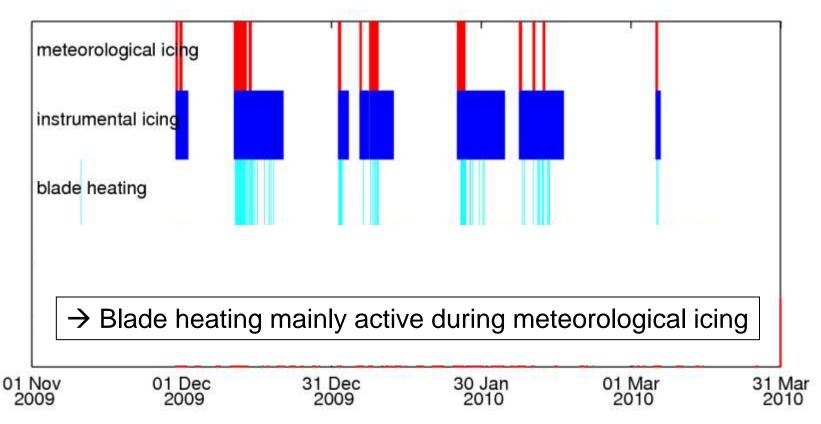
When was blade heating active?

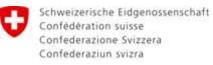






When was blade heating active?







Case study: What would happen without blade heating?

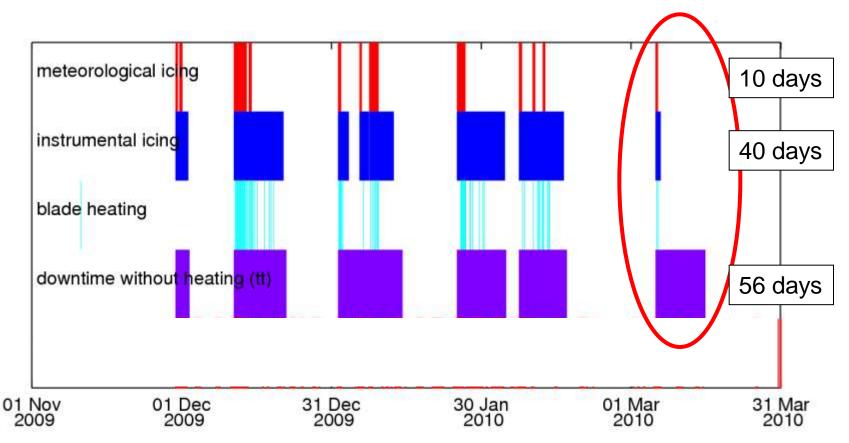
Assumptions:

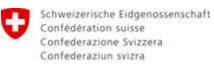
- Wind turbine without blade heating
- Turbine stops when ice is detected
- Automatic restart when temperature was above 2°C for 6 hours





Case study: What would happen without blade heating?

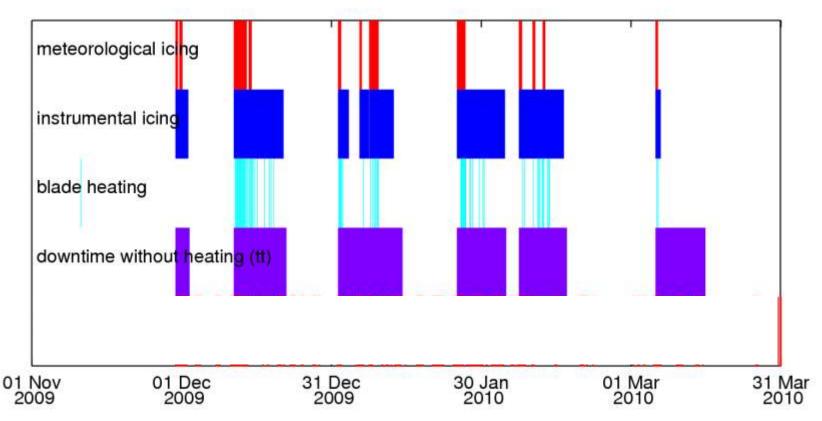




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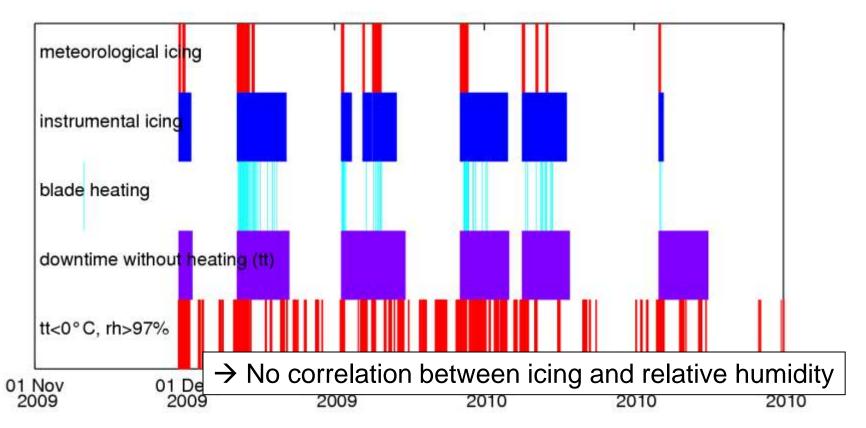
Temperature and relative humidity?

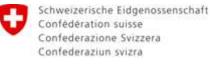






Temperature and relative humidity?





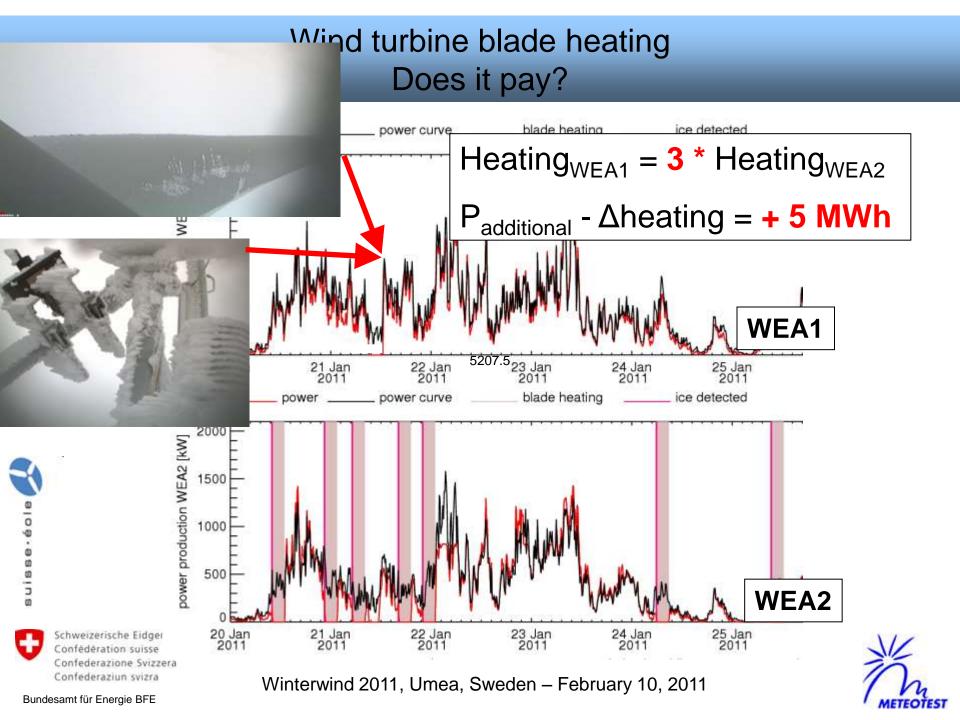


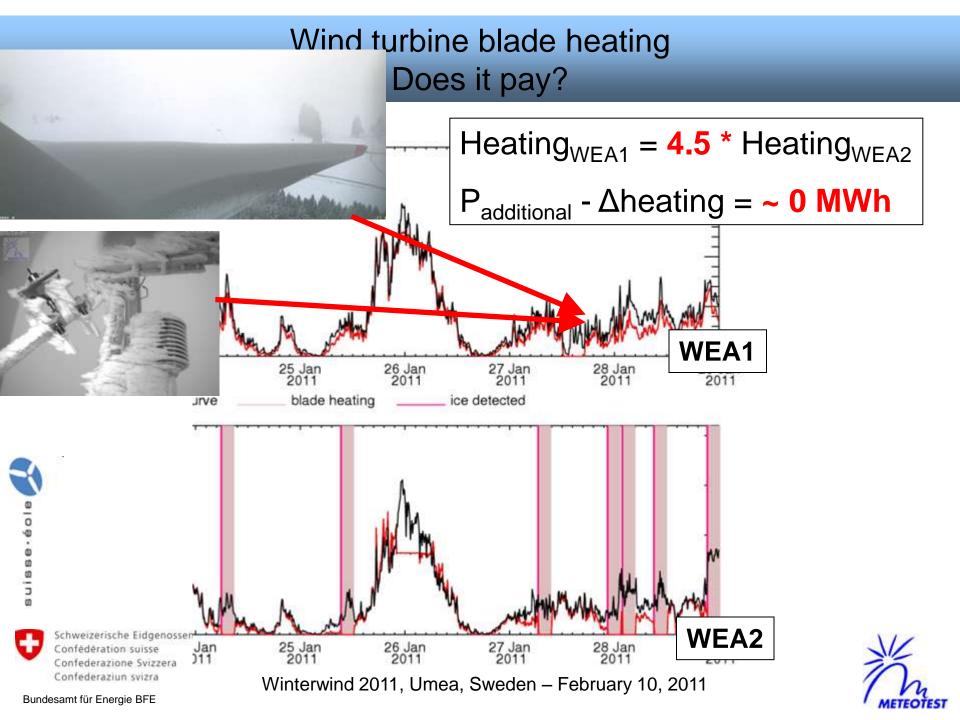
What was the benefit?

- Production loss without blade heating: ~10%
- Additional production thanks to blade heating: ~7%
- Energy needed for blade heating: ~0.4%
- Production loss due to stopped turbine during heating: ~3%
- → Further optimisation: Heating during operation of the wind turbine
 - → active since mid January 2011
- → 2 case studies



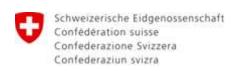






Summary

- Instrumental icing periods ~ 4 times longer than meteorological icing
- Blade heating mainly active during the periods of meteorological icing.
- Without blade heating production losses of approximately 10%
- Blade heating allowed ~7% more production
- Energy needed for blade heating: ~0.4% of annual production.
- Production loss of ~3% remains because wind turbine stops for heating.
- **Heating during operation** can further reduce the production loss when there is enough wind at the same time
- Temperature and relative humidity give no indication on icing conditions.
- In order to assess the economic benefit of a blade heating, it is crucial to know the icing conditions at the site in advance (site classification)



→ Yes it pays! (at this site)



